

No. **2024-8512**

**Official Order  
of the  
Texas Commissioner of Workers' Compensation**

**Date: 2/1/2024**

**Subject Considered:**

Starr Indemnity & Liability Company  
399 Park Avenue, Floor 8  
New York, New York 10022-4877

Consent Order  
DWC Enforcement File Nos. 33003 & 33197

**General remarks and official action taken:**

This is a consent order with Starr Indemnity & Liability Company (Respondent). The commissioner of the Texas Department of Insurance, Division of Workers' Compensation (DWC) considers whether DWC should take disciplinary action against Respondent.

**Waiver**

Respondent acknowledges that the Texas Labor Code and other applicable laws provide certain rights. Respondent waives all of these rights, and any other procedural rights that apply, in consideration of the entry of this consent order.

**Findings of Fact**

1. Respondent holds a certificate of authority issued by the Texas Department of Insurance to transact the business of insurance pursuant to Tex. Ins. Code §§ 801.051-801.053 and is licensed to write multiple lines of insurance in Texas, including workers' compensation/employers' liability insurance.
2. Respondent was classified as "average" tier in the 2018, 2020, and 2022 Performance Based Oversight (PBO) assessments.

Failure to Timely Act on a Medical Bill

*File No. 33003*

3. On [REDACTED], a health care provider provided medical services to an injured employee.
4. On [REDACTED], Respondent received a completed medical bill for \$ [REDACTED] from the health care provider.
5. Respondent was required to act on the bill within 45 days of receiving it. The deadline to act was [REDACTED].
6. On [REDACTED], Respondent partially paid \$ [REDACTED] to the health care provider, which was 32 days late.
7. On [REDACTED], Respondent paid \$ [REDACTED] in interest on the late medical bill payment to the health care provider, which was 16 days late.

Failure to Timely Initiate Payment of Accrued Temporary Income Benefits (TIBs)

*File No. 33197*

8. Respondent was required to pay TIBs to an injured employee for the period of [REDACTED] through [REDACTED]. The TIBs payment was due seven days after the first day of the pay period, which was April 24, 2023.
9. Respondent paid \$ [REDACTED] in TIBs and interest on [REDACTED], which was 49 days late.

**Assessment of Sanction**

1. Failure to provide income benefits in a timely and cost-effective manner is harmful to injured employees and the Texas workers' compensation system.
2. Prompt payment of medical bills is imperative to DWC's goal of ensuring that injured employees have access to prompt, high-quality medical care. Failure to promptly pay medical bills harms medical providers economically, increases

disputes and exhausts administrative resources in the workers' compensation system.

3. In assessing the sanction for this case, DWC fully considered the following factors in Tex. Lab. Code § 415.021(c) and 28 Tex. Admin. Code § 180.26(e):
  - the seriousness of the violation, including the nature, circumstances, consequences, extent, and gravity of the prohibited act;
  - the history and extent of previous administrative violations;
  - the violator's demonstration of good faith, including actions it took to rectify the consequences of the prohibited act;
  - the penalty necessary to deter future violations;
  - whether the administrative violation had a negative impact on the delivery of benefits to an injured employee;
  - the history of compliance with electronic data interchange requirements;
  - to the extent reasonable, the economic benefit resulting from the prohibited act; and
  - other matters that justice may require, including, but not limited to:
    - PBO assessments;
    - prompt and earnest actions to prevent future violations;
    - self-report of the violation;
    - the size of the company or practice;
    - the effect of a sanction on the availability of health care; and
    - evidence of heightened awareness of the legal duty to comply with the Texas Workers' Compensation Act and DWC rules.
4. DWC found the following factors in Tex. Lab. Code § 415.021(c) and 28 Tex. Admin. Code § 180.26(e) to be aggravating: the seriousness of the violation, including the nature, circumstances, consequences, extent, and gravity of the prohibited act; the history and extent of previous administrative violations; the penalty necessary to deter future violations; whether the administrative violation had a negative impact on the delivery of benefits to an injured employee.
5. DWC is aware of no mitigating factors pursuant to Tex. Lab. Code § 415.021(c) and 28 Tex. Admin. Code § 180.26(e).
6. Respondent acknowledges communicating with DWC about the relevant statute and rule violations alleged; that the facts establish that the administrative violation(s) occurred; and that the proposed sanction is appropriate, including the

factors DWC considered under Tex. Lab. Code § 415.021(c) and 28 Tex. Admin. Code § 180.26(e).

7. Respondent acknowledges that, in assessing the sanction, DWC considered the factors in Tex. Lab. Code § 415.021(c) and 28 Tex. Admin. Code § 180.26(e).

### **Conclusions of Law**

1. The commissioner has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to Tex. Lab. Code §§ 402.001, 402.00114, 402.00116, 402.00128, 414.002, and 414.003.
2. The commissioner has the authority to dispose of this case informally pursuant to Tex. Gov't Code § 2001.056, Tex. Lab. Code §§ 401.021 and 402.00128(b)(6)-(7), and 28 Tex. Admin. Code § 180.26(h) and (i).
3. Respondent has knowingly and voluntarily waived all procedural rights to which it may have been entitled regarding the entry of this order, including, but not limited to, issuance and service of notice of intent to institute disciplinary action, notice of hearing, a public hearing, a proposal for decision, a rehearing by the commissioner, and judicial review.
4. Pursuant to Tex. Lab. Code § 415.021, the commissioner may assess an administrative penalty against a person who commits an administrative violation.
5. Pursuant to Tex. Lab. Code § 415.002(a)(20) and (22), an insurance carrier or its representative commits an administrative violation each time it violates a DWC rule or a provision of the Texas Workers' Compensation Act.

### Failure to Timely Act on a Medical Bill

*File No. 33003*

6. Pursuant to Tex. Lab. Code § 408.027 and 28 Tex. Admin. Code § 133.240, an insurance carrier is required to timely process and take final action on a completed medical bill within 45 days of receiving the bill.

7. Respondent violated Tex. Lab. Code §§ 408.027; 415.002(a)(20) and (22); and 28 Tex. Admin. Code § 133.240 by failing to pay, reduce, deny, or determine to audit a completed medical bill within 45 days of receiving the bill.

Failure to Timely Pay Interest on a Late Medical Bill Payment

8. Pursuant to 28 Tex. Admin. Code § 133.240(l), all payments of medical bills that an insurance carrier makes on or after the 60th day after the date the insurance carrier originally received the complete medical bill shall include interest calculated in accordance with § 134.130 of this title without any action taken by the division. The interest payment shall be paid at the same time as the medical bill payment.
9. Respondent violated Tex. Lab. Code § 415.002(a)(22), and 28 Tex. Admin. Code § 133.240(l) by failing to timely pay interest on a late medical bill payment.

Failure to Timely Initiate Payment of Accrued Temporary Income Benefits


*File No. 33197*

10. Pursuant to Tex. Lab. Code §§ 408.081, 409.023, and 415.002(a)(16), an insurance carrier must pay benefits weekly, as and when the benefits accrue, without order from the commissioner.
11. Pursuant to Tex. Lab. Code §§ 408.081, 408.082, and 409.021 and 28 Tex. Admin. Code §§ 124.3 and 124.7, an insurance carrier is required to initiate payment of TIBs no later than the 15th day after it receives written notice of the injury or the seventh day after the accrual date, unless the insurance carrier notifies DWC and the injured employee in writing of its refusal to pay.
12. Respondent violated Tex. Lab. Code §§ 409.021, 415.002(a)(16), (20) and (22), and 28 Tex. Admin. Code §§ 124.3 and 124.7 each time Respondent failed to timely initiate payment of TIBs.

**Order**

It is ordered that Starr Indemnity & Liability Company must pay an administrative penalty of \$7,000 within 30 days from the date the Commissioner signs the order.

After receiving an invoice, Starr Indemnity & Liability Company must pay the administrative penalty by electronic transfer using the State Invoice Payment Service, company check, cashier's check, or money order and make it payable to the "State of Texas." Mail the administrative penalty to the Texas Department of Insurance, Attn: DWC Enforcement Section, MC AO-9999, P.O. Box 12030, Austin, Texas 78711-2030.



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Jeff Nelson  
Commissioner  
TDI, Division of Workers' Compensation

Approved Form and Content:



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Austin Southerland  
Staff Attorney, Enforcement  
Compliance and Investigations  
TDI, Division of Workers' Compensation

Commissioner's Order  
Starr Indemnity & Liability Company  
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**Unsworn Declaration**

**STATE OF** NY §  
§  
**COUNTY OF** NY §

Pursuant to the Tex. Civ. Prac. and Rem. Code § 132.001(a), (b), and (d), my name is Dave Fitzgerald. I hold the position of Global Chief Claims Officer and am the authorized representative of Starr Indemnity & Liability Company. My business address is:

399 Park Avenue, New York, New York, NY, 10022.  
(Street) (City) (County) (State) (ZIP Code)

I am executing this declaration as part of my assigned duties and responsibilities. I declare under penalty of perjury that the facts stated in this document are true and correct.

DocuSigned by:  
Dave Fitzgerald  
3831230E46C0434...  
Declarant

Executed on January 24, 2024, 2024.