No. 2023-8056

Official Order of the Texas Commissioner of Workers' Compensation

Date: 6/29/2023

Subject Considered:

Continental Casualty Company PO Box 8317 Chicago, Illinois 60680-8317

Consent Order
DWC Enforcement File No. 31718

General remarks and official action taken:

This is a consent order with Continental Casualty Company (Respondent). The commissioner of the Texas Department of Insurance, Division of Workers' Compensation (DWC) considers whether DWC should take disciplinary action against Respondent.

Waiver

Respondent acknowledges that the Texas Labor Code and other applicable laws provide certain rights. Respondent waives all of these rights, and any other procedural rights that apply, in consideration of the entry of this consent order.

Findings of Fact

- 1. Respondent holds a certificate of authority issued by the Texas Department of Insurance to transact the business of insurance pursuant to Tex. Ins. Code §§ 801.051-801.053 and is licensed to write multiple lines of insurance in Texas, including workers' compensation/employers' liability insurance.
- 2. Respondent was classified as "Average" tier in the 2007 and 2022 Performance Based Oversight (PBO) assessments. Respondent was classified as "High" tier in the 2009 and 2014 PBO assessments. Respondent was not selected to be tiered in the 2010, 2012, 2016, 2018, or 2020 PBO assessments.

Failure to Timely Act on a Medical Bill

- 3. On a designated doctor (DD) provided medical services to an injured employee. On Respondent received a completed medical bill for from the DD.
- 4. Respondent was required to act on the bill within 45 days of receiving it. The deadline to act was
- 5. On Respondent issued an explanation of benefits recommending payment, which was 63 days late.
- 6. On Respondent paid the late medical bill. On Respondent paid interest on the late medical bill.

Assessment of Sanction

- 1. Prompt payment of medical bills is imperative to DWC's goal of ensuring that injured employees have access to prompt, high-quality medical care. Failure to promptly pay medical bills harms medical providers economically, increases disputes and exhausts administrative resources in the workers' compensation system.
- 2. In assessing the sanction for this case, DWC fully considered the following factors in Tex. Lab. Code § 415.021(c) and 28 Tex. Admin. Code § 180.26(e):
 - the seriousness of the violation, including the nature, circumstances, consequences, extent, and gravity of the prohibited act;
 - the history and extent of previous administrative violations;
 - the violator's demonstration of good faith, including actions it took to rectify the consequences of the prohibited act;
 - the penalty necessary to deter future violations;
 - whether the administrative violation had a negative impact on the delivery of benefits to an injured employee;
 - the history of compliance with electronic data interchange requirements;
 - to the extent reasonable, the economic benefit resulting from the prohibited act; and
 - other matters that justice may require, including, but not limited to:
 - PBO assessments;

- o prompt and earnest actions to prevent future violations;
- o self-report of the violation;
- o the size of the company or practice;
- o the effect of a sanction on the availability of health care; and
- evidence of heightened awareness of the legal duty to comply with the Texas Workers' Compensation Act and DWC rules.
- 3. DWC found the following factors in Tex. Lab. Code § 415.021(c) and 28 Tex. Admin. Code § 180.26(e) to be aggravating: the seriousness of the violation, including the nature, circumstances, consequences, extent, and gravity of the prohibited act; the history and extent of previous administrative violations; and the penalty necessary to deter future violations. Further, the late medical bill payments were more than 60 days late and involved DD services, which do not require preauthorization and are essential to the Texas workers' compensation system.
- 4. DWC considered the following mitigating factor pursuant to Tex. Lab. Code § 415.021(c) and 28 Tex. Admin. Code § 180.26(e): Respondent acted four days after a request for reconsideration.
- 5. Respondent acknowledges communicating with DWC about the relevant statute and rule violations alleged; that the facts establish that the administrative violation(s) occurred; and that the proposed sanction is appropriate, including the factors DWC considered under Tex. Lab. Code § 415.021(c) and 28 Tex. Admin. Code § 180.26(e).
- 6. Respondent acknowledges that, in assessing the sanction, DWC considered the factors in Tex. Lab. Code § 415.021(c) and 28 Tex. Admin. Code § 180.26(e).

Conclusions of Law

- 1. The commissioner has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to Tex. Lab. Code §§ 402.001, 402.00111, 402.00114, 402.00116, 402.00128, 414.002, and 414.003.
- 2. The commissioner has the authority to dispose of this case informally pursuant to Tex. Gov't Code § 2001.056, Tex. Lab. Code §§ 401.021 and 402.00128(b)(6)-(7), and 28 Tex. Admin. Code § 180.26(h) and (i).

- 3. Respondent has knowingly and voluntarily waived all procedural rights to which it may have been entitled regarding the entry of this order, including, but not limited to, issuance and service of notice of intent to institute disciplinary action, notice of hearing, a public hearing, a proposal for decision, a rehearing by the commissioner, and judicial review.
- 4. Pursuant to Tex. Lab. Code § 415.021, the commissioner may assess an administrative penalty against a person who commits an administrative violation.
- 5. Pursuant to Tex. Lab. Code § 415.002(a)(20), an insurance carrier or its representative commits an administrative violation each time it violates a DWC rule.
- 6. Pursuant to Tex. Lab. Code § 415.002(a)(22), an insurance carrier or its representative commits an administrative violation each time it fails to comply with a provision of the Texas Workers' Compensation Act.
- 7. Pursuant to Tex. Lab. Code § 408.027 and 28 Tex. Admin. Code § 133.240, an insurance carrier is required to timely process and take final action on a completed medical bill within 45 days of receiving the bill.
- 8. Respondent violated Tex. Lab. Code §§ 408.027; 415.002(a)(20) and (22); and 28 Tex. Admin. Code § 133.240 each time Respondent failed to pay, reduce, deny, or determine to audit a completed medical bill within 45 days of receiving the bill.

Order

It is ordered that Continental Casualty Company must pay an administrative penalty of \$1,500 within 30 days from the date of this order. Continental Casualty Company must pay the administrative penalty by electronic transfer using the State Invoice Payment Service, company check, cashier's check, or money order and make it payable to the "State of Texas." Mail the administrative penalty to the Texas Department of Insurance, Attn: DWC Enforcement Section, MC AO-9999, PO Box 12030, Austin, Texas 78711-2030.

Jeff Nelson Commissioner

TDI, Division of Workers' Compensation

Approved Form and Content:

Stephen 11. gewell

SUPPLIED IVI. SUVVEI

Staff Attorney, Enforcement Compliance and Investigations

TDI, Division of Workers' Compensation

2023-8056

Unsworn Declaration

Massachusetts STATE OF	ş		
COUNTY OF Suffolk	§ §		
D-4 M-O		de § 132.001(a), (b), and (d	•
authorized representative o	f Continental Casua	alty Company. My business a	address is:
_53 State Street, Suite 510	, Boston	Suffolk , MA , 0210	9
(Street)	(City)	(County) (State) (ZIP (Code)
•		ssigned duties and responsib n this document are true and	
Peter McCarron Declarant			
Executed on 06/20	2023		