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August 13, 2015

Marilyn Hamilton
Property & Casualty Associate Commissioner
Texas Department of Insurance
P.O. Box 149104 M/C 104-PC
Austin, TX 78701

RE: Texas Windstorm Insurance Association Annual Rate Filing

Dear Marilyn:

Section 2210.352 of the Texas Insurance Code states that, not later than August 15 of each year, the Texas Windstorm Insurance Association shall file with the Department a proposed manual rate for all types and classes of risks written by the Association.

This filing is made pursuant to Section 2210.352 (a-1) and fulfills all of the requirements of that subsection.

On August 4, 2015, the Board of Directors of the Association voted to file for uniform 5% increases in both its residential and commercial rates, to be effective January 1, 2016. The increases are based on an actuarial review resulting in indications of +26% and +21% for residential and commercial rates, respectively. The complete residential and commercial analyses are attached.

If you or your staff has any questions or comments, please contact John Polak or me.

Respectfully,

James C. Murphy

TEXAS WINDSTORM INSURANCE ASSOCIATION COMMERCIAL PROPERTY RATE LEVEL REVIEW 2015

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INTRODUCTION

The Texas Windstorm Insurance Association (TWIA) has completed studies sufficient to support rate level indications for its commercial coverages. This report documents the procedures and results of this analysis.

DISTRIBUTION AND USE

This report was prepared for internal use by the management of TWIA. A complete copy of the report may be submitted to the Texas Department of Insurance (TDI or Department) for use in the approval of a rate change. This report may also be provided to the TWIA actuarial committee. Use of this report for other than the stated purpose may not be proper and must be preceded by written authorization.

RELIANCE UPON DATA

The following data and information used in this analysis were prepared by TWIA and are the responsibility of TWIA's management:

- TWIA losses and loss adjustment expenses
- TWIA written and earned premiums
- History of rate changes impacting TWIA commercial premium
- TWIA's statutory annual statements and insurance expense exhibits.

At the time of this analysis, some of the data was unaudited. The data was reviewed for reasonableness and consistency, and the TWIA written premium and paid loss data provided for this analysis were reconciled to TWIA's annual statements.

In addition to TWIA's own data, we utilized insurance industry premium and loss data supplied by the TDI.

We also used the results of two different hurricane simulation models -- one prepared by Applied Insurance Research (AIR) and one model prepared by Risk Management Solutions (RMS). Both models utilized TWIA exposure data as of 12/15/14. TWIA has not directly verified the accuracy of these simulation models, but has relied on documentation provided directly by the modeling firms and submission documentation provided to the Florida Commission on Hurricane Loss Projection Methodology to comply with Actuarial Standard of Practice #38, "Using Models Outside the Actuary's Area of Expertise."

LIMITATIONS

The indicated rate level change as shown in this report represents a reasonable estimate of the rate level necessary to cover the TWIA's expected costs of providing commercial wind/hail coverage. The actual costs of providing commercial property coverage for a specific year may differ substantially from the indicated rate level range shown in this report. The possibility of this variability arises from the fact that the events covered by TWIA are inherently unpredictable from year to year. The indicated rate level is, however, our best estimate of the expected annual cost of providing commercial wind/hail coverage.

This actuarial report provides professional input and guidance to TWIA; however, the final decision regarding implementation and actual rate level change is a management decision.

The attached exhibits should be considered an integral part of this report.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This section provides a brief synopsis of the key findings and recommendations contained in our study.

1. We have estimated the indicated total rate level change using a combination of two different methodologies for projecting the expected hurricane portion of the indicated rate level. The indicated total rate level changes are shown in Exhibit 1 and the following table:

Indicated Rate Change: Long Term Hurricane Methodologies

Hurricane Projection Methodology	Indicated Rate Change
Actual Experience and Models Combined	+21%
Actual Industry Experience	+18%
Hurricane Simulation Models	+24%

The indicated rate change shown is based on a combination of actual industry experience and hurricane simulation models. The indications based on each of these methodologies alone are also shown for reference. All methodologies use a long-term approach to develop the hurricane portion of the indicated rate level.

The hurricane simulation models utilized are widely used for insurance company catastrophe management and ratemaking. Versions of these simulation models have undergone verification by and been approved by the Florida Commission on Hurricane Loss Projection Methodology.

2. The indicated rate level change includes different hurricane projection methodologies. The different methods were used because the actuarial methods used to incorporate hurricane losses into rate indications are still evolving. Traditionally, actuarial methods have been based on insurance industry hurricane loss experience. More recently, actuarial methods have incorporated the results of hurricane simulation models to minimize the weaknesses of the traditional approaches.

The method using actual industry experience relies on a more traditional approach and is based on 45 years of actual insurance industry premiums and losses and 164 years of actual hurricane experience. This method possesses the advantage of finding broader regulatory acceptance in many states (including Texas). The alternate method incorporates the results of hurricane simulation models. This has the advantage of minimizing many of the theoretical weaknesses of the traditional actuarial methodologies. The overall indication assigns equal weight to these hurricane projection methodologies.

3. The current rate indication is 3% less than the corresponding indication from the prior TWIA commercial rate study. A 5% rate increase, effective January 1, 2015, and the introduction of actual losses and expenses from 2014 are the primary reasons for the change.

Details on the key differences between the current and prior rate indications are described in the Analysis section of this report.

4. The indicated rate changes presented in this report reflect a separate provision for contributions to funding, including provisions for both the Catastrophe Reserve Trust Fund and the repayment of outstanding pre-event Class 1 public securities. The total funding provision is 20% of TWIA premium. The CRTF provision is necessary to rebuild the fund, which was completely depleted in order to pay losses associated with 2008 hurricanes. The Class 1 securities provision is necessary to repay \$500 million in outstanding debt issued in 2014.

The provision for reinsurance expense is 16.3% of TWIA premium. The provision for reinsurance expense reflects the estimated actual net cost of purchasing catastrophe reinsurance (reinsurance premiums paid net of the expected reduction in TWIA retained losses). Catastrophe reinsurance provides TWIA with annually renewable protection against large storm losses.

ACTUARIAL ANALYSIS

Overview of Analysis

The goal of the rate level adequacy review is to compare the current rate level to TWIA's expected costs for providing commercial property insurance coverage. This comparison is achieved by estimating the projected loss, loss adjustment expense (LAE), and fixed expense ratio for a prospective accident year and then comparing this ratio to the "permissible" loss, LAE, and fixed expense ratio. The permissible ratio is the portion of premium remaining to pay loss, LAE, and fixed expenses after payment of TWIA variable expenses. If the projected ratio is higher than the permissible ratio, then a rate increase is indicated. If the projected ratio is lower than the permissible, then a rate decrease is indicated.

The steps employed to estimate the projected loss, LAE, and fixed expense ratio are as follows:

- 1. Adjust historical premium to the current rate level (to facilitate calculation of historical loss ratios at current rates).
- 2. Determine LAE factors to add projected LAE to projected loss.
- 3. Estimate the projected non-hurricane loss and LAE ratio.
- 4. Estimate the projected hurricane loss and LAE ratio.
- 5. Estimate the projected fixed expense ratio.
- 6. Sum the projected non-hurricane and hurricane loss ratios and the projected fixed expense ratio to obtain the projected total loss, LAE, and fixed expense ratio.

The steps employed to determine the permissible loss and LAE ratio are as follows:

- (a) Analyze historical variable expense to premium ratios to estimate the projected total variable expense ratio.
- (b) Subtract the projected total variable expense ratio from 1.00 to derive the permissible loss, LAE and fixed expense ratio.

Steps 1-5 and (a)-(b) are described in more detail in the remainder of this report.

Historical TWIA written premium is adjusted to the current rate level and adjusted to an earned basis based on a uniform monthly earning assumption. Earned premium at current rates for prior years permits the calculation of historical loss ratios at the current rate level. Exhibit 10 shows the calculation of earned premium at current rates.

Loss Adjustment Expense Factors

In Exhibit 4, the historical ratio of LAE to loss is analyzed to develop LAE factors. Separate LAE factors are developed for hurricane and non-hurricane losses. The hurricane LAE factors are developed based on the LAE to loss ratio for years with hurricanes. The non-hurricane LAE factors are developed based on the ratio for years without hurricanes. TWIA statutory annual statement incurred loss and LAE data is utilized to derive these ratios.

The indicated LAE to loss ratios are shown in Exhibit 4, Sheet 1. For hurricane losses, the indicated LAE ratio of 0.120 is equal to the weighted average of the nine hurricane years included in the analysis. For non-hurricane losses, the indicated ratio of 0.199 is equal to the weighted average of the most recent 10 non-hurricane years included in the analysis.

The development of these LAE factors is necessary to add LAE to the projected hurricane and non-hurricane loss ratios. The development of loss ratios is described in the following sections.

Projected Non-Hurricane Loss and LAE Ratio

Exhibit 2 shows the development of the projected non-hurricane loss and LAE ratio. The loss portion of this ratio is estimated by comparing the indicated ultimate non-hurricane loss for accident years 2005 - 2014 to the earned premium at current rates for the same ten years. The indicated ultimate non-hurricane loss for each year is based on actual paid loss as of 12/31/14 and the paid loss development method. LAE is then added to each year's ultimate loss through the non-hurricane LAE factor developed in Exhibit 4.

Paid loss development factors are selected based on both the current average of all available years and the prior selection. Given the positive skewness of the observed age-to-age

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development factors, a straight average may be more preferable than an average excluding the highest and lowest observation to avoid understating the expected development.

Each year's estimated ultimate loss and LAE is compared to the earned premium at present rates.

The resulting loss and LAE ratios are then trended forward to the expected prospective inflation level. The net trend factor is equal to a loss trend offset by a premium trend. The loss trend is calculated using industry-wide construction cost and consumer price indices. Premium trend is derived from historical changes in average earned premium at present rates. Both premiums and losses are trended to current levels by applying the actual, historical changes in the appropriate data. Future premium and loss trends are selected based on all available and relevant data. Because the selected trends are estimates of the future trend between the current and prospective earned and accident dates, and because they are not used to trend historical experience to current premium and loss levels, it may not be necessary to use experience only from periods where both premium and loss data are available.

The resulting loss and LAE ratios for each accident year from 2005 - 2014 form the basis for the indicated projected loss and LAE ratio. The indicated loss and LAE ratio equals the premiumweighted average ratio from the 2005 - 2014 accident period. This method gives greater weight to more recent years due to TWIA's growth. Given the greater credibility normally associated with more recent experience and the potentially significant change in TWIA's commercial book of business due to the growth, this weighting may be more appropriate than a non-weighted average across all years.

Projected Hurricane Loss and LAE Ratio

Two different methods are used to develop the projected hurricane loss and LAE ratios. The first method is based on insurance industry and meteorological hurricane experience for the last 45 and 164 years, respectively. The other method is based on hurricane simulation models. The "45/164-year" method is utilized because the Texas Insurance Code required until recently the consideration of a 30-year minimum experience period. The simulation method is utilized because it minimizes many of the theoretical weaknesses of the historical method. These weaknesses include:

A 45-year period is insufficient to measure long-term hurricane intensity.

A 45-year period of insurance industry experience includes years where land use, population
densities, construction techniques and materials, engineering techniques and building codes
were different than today. These differences diminish the relevance of insurance data from
several decades ago in evaluating today's commercial property rates.

Differences between the two methods are the result of expected variances in the frequency and severity of hurricanes, and fundamental differences between the aggregate historical industry exposures and current TWIA exposures. Because of the readily identifiable nature of hurricanes, there should be no over- or understatement of expected losses resulting from either method.

For each method, the projected hurricane loss ratio is estimated first. LAE is added to each loss ratio using the hurricane LAE factor developed in Exhibit 4. Each method's development of the projected hurricane loss ratio is described as follows:

Actual 45/164-Year Industry Hurricane Experience

In Exhibit 6, Texas insurance industry seacoast dwelling extended coverage experience for the 1970-2014 period is used in the development of a projected hurricane loss ratio. For each year, insurance industry loss ratios at current rates are calculated using information provided by the TDI. For the years where sufficient detail is available (1982-2014), these loss ratios are adjusted to TWIA's rate level and re-weighted based on the TWIA's current premium distribution by territory within the seacoast area.

A projected hurricane loss ratio is developed from these 45 years of loss ratios by separating the 45 years into the twelve hurricane years and thirty-three non-hurricane years. The 33 non-hurricane years are used to develop an estimated non-hurricane loss ratio.

Hurricane loss ratios are then estimated by subtracting the non-hurricane loss ratio from the total loss ratio in each of the twelve hurricane years. An average hurricane loss ratio for hurricane years is calculated as the average of the twelve hurricane loss ratios: 112.0%.

The 45-year period that underlies the selected hurricane loss ratio has experienced significantly fewer hurricanes than the long-term average. As shown in Exhibit 9, the annual hurricane frequency during this 45-year period is 0.287, while the annual frequency during the most recent 164-year period is 0.384. The 45-year period represents all years for which TWIA has been provided industry data by TDI. Because the expected frequency of hurricanes is unrelated to the availability of insurance industry data, there is no reason to use only the most recent 45-year period to estimate the expected frequency of hurricane activity. Given the relatively infrequent occurrence of hurricanes, the largest possible experience period should be considered in order to obtain the most credible result. The selected hurricane frequency is therefore set equal to the 164-year historical hurricane frequency. As shown in Exhibit 6, Sheet 1, multiplying the selected loss ratio for hurricane years by the selected hurricane frequency yields a projected hurricane loss ratio of 39.9%.

Hurricane Simulation Models

The projected hurricane loss ratio is determined by averaging two different hurricane simulation models: AIR Touchstone v2.0.1 and RMS RiskLink v13.1. Both models were run using exposure data provided by TWIA as of 12/15/2014. This exposure data included location-level detail including physical characteristics of each risk and all relevant coverages. Both models were run using historical (long-term) event rates and both results include loss amplification (demand surge) and exclude storm surge and loss adjustment expenses. A separate provision for storm surge was included, equal to 10% of the increase in modeled average annual losses due to the inclusion of storm surge in the model output. The AIR and RMS models generated 4,742 and 9,772 unique events, respectively, with the following distribution of intensity ratings in Texas:

Saffir-Simpson Category	AIR	RMS
Category 0	14.9%	61.4%
Category 1	34.8%	12.0%
Category 2	22.4%	6.5%
Category 3	19.3%	8.0%
Category 4	7.6%	9.7%
Category 5	1.0%	2.5%

The intensity at first landfall is shown for AIR and RMS events. Events shown as Category 0 include bypassing events and events making landfall in neighboring states or Mexico in addition to Cat 0 events that make landfall in TX.

As shown in Exhibits 7 and 8, these models yield projected hurricane loss ratios of 41.5% and 44.8%. The average of these loss ratios is 43.2%.

Fixed Expenses and Variable Permissible Loss and LAE Ratio

Exhibit 11 shows the expense assumptions used to develop the projected fixed expense ratio and the variable permissible loss and LAE ratio. Fixed expenses include general expenses and the net cost of reinsurance. The sum of these projected expenses provides for a 21.5% fixed expense ratio. Variable expenses include commission, taxes, and catastrophe trust fund contribution. Subtracting these expenses from 100% yields a variable permissible loss and LAE ratio of 62.0%.

As stated above, the expenses include a provision for an annual contribution to the catastrophe reserve trust fund, repayment of Class 1 public securities, and the projected net cost of TWIA's purchasing of reinsurance. The 20% provision for funding contribution is intended to permit the redevelopment of the catastrophe reserve trust fund and to repay outstanding pre-event public securities in order to reduce the potential for future year surcharges on TWIA and coastal insurance policies and assessments to TWIA members. The 16.3% provision for reinsurance expense reflects the estimated net actual cost of purchasing reinsurance (reinsurance premiums net of the expected reduction in TWIA retained losses). TWIA's purchasing of reinsurance provides additional current year protection to TWIA and coastal policyholders and TWIA members.

Indicated Rate Change

Exhibit 1 summarizes the indicated rate change using a combination of the two hurricane loss ratio projection methods. The individual indications resulting from the use of each methodology are also shown for reference. The indicated rate change for each method is calculated by dividing the total projected loss, LAE, and fixed expense ratio by the variable permissible loss

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Commercial Property Rate Level Review 2015

and LAE ratio. This method of calculating the indicated rate change assumes that TWIA's variable expenses vary proportionally with premium while the fixed expenses do not.

Data Issues

Reconciliation of Data to TWIA's Annual Statements

Exhibit 12, Sheets 1 and 2 show a reconciliation of the TWIA premium and loss data used in this report (ratemaking data) to TWIA's annual statements. Sheet 1 reconciles paid loss data by accident year; Sheet 2 reconciles written premium data by calendar year.

The paid loss reconciliation shows small differences between the ratemaking paid loss data and the annual statement data for all accident years except 2008 where relatively larger differences are indicated.

The written premium reconciliation shows the differences between the ratemaking written premium data and the annual statement data for calendar years 1992 - 2014. Differences of less than 1% exist for all recent years except 2010.

Key Differences Versus Prior Indications

The indicated rate change shown in this report is 1% less than the comparable indication based on the prior (August 2014) study. The reasons for the lower indications are summarized in the following table.

Reconciliation of Current vs. Prior Indications

Rate Indication/Reason for Change	Impact of Change	Rate Indication
Previous Rate Indication (Combined Method)		+24%
TWIA Rate Level	-6%	
Change in Experience Period	+3%	
Current Rate Indication (Combined Method)		+21%

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These reasons are discussed below:

TWIA Rate Level

The TWIA rate level increased 5% as a result of the most recent filing. This has a 6% impact (reduction) on indicated rates.

Change in Experience Period

The indicated rate change increased approximately 3% as a result of increases in the fixed expense provision and non-hurricane provision introduced with the most recent experience period.

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SUMMARY OF EXHIBITS

Exhibit	
Number	Exhibit Title or Purpose
1	Summary of Indicated Rate Change
2	Projected Ultimate Non-Hurricane Loss & LAE Ratio
3	Paid Loss Development Factors and Premium and Loss Trend Analysis
4	Development of LAE Factor
5	Summary of Indicated Hurricane Loss & LAE Ratios
6	Development of Hurricane Loss Ratio – 45/164-Year Method
7	Hurricane Loss Ratio – AIR Model
8	Hurricane Loss Ratio – RMS Model
9	Texas Hurricanes 1850 - 2014
10	Earned Premium at Present Rates
11	Fixed Expenses and Variable Permissible Loss & LAE Ratios
12	Reconciliation of Premium Data to Annual Statement
13	Analysis of Current and Proposed Net Premium Income

Summary of Indicated Rate Change
By Method for Projecting Hurricane Loss & LAE

Hurricane Projection Method	Hurricane		Fixed Expenses	Total	Variable Permissible LLAE Ratio	Indicated Rate Change	Proposed Rate Change
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Using Experience and Models	46.6%	7.0%	21.5%	75.1%	62.0%	+21%	+5.0%
Using Actual Industry Experience	44.7%	7.0%	21.5%	73.2%	62.0%	+18%	
Using Hurricane Models	48.4%	7.0%	21.5%	76.9%	62.0%	+24%	

- (2) Exhibit 5
- (3) Exhibit 2, Sheet 1
- (4) Exhibit 11 (5) = (2) + (3) + (4) (6) Exhibit 11 (7) = (5) / (6) 1

- (8) Selected

Projected Ultimate Non-Hurricane Loss & LAE Ratio

Accident Year		AE actor	Net Trend Factor	Projected Non-Hurricane Loss & LAE	Earned Premium at Current Rate Level	Indicated Non-Hurricane Loss & LAE Ratio
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
2005	2,492,327	0.199	1.648	4,924,719	63,879,768	7.7%
2006	1,517,386	0.199	1.485	2,701,729	97,889,781	2.8%
2007	1,230,788	0.199	1.414	2,086,661	151,470,353	1.4%
2008	1,127,682	0.199	1.438	1,944,306	158,910,515	1.2%
2009	2,586,651	0.199	1.341	4,158,970	144,470,004	2.9%
2010	7,527,998	0.199	1.279	11,544,343	137,009,901	8.4%
2011	19,452,204	0.199	1.161	27,078,227	125,942,649	21.5%
2012	13,949,343	0.199	1.188	19,869,612	124,750,822	15.9%
2013	8,112,018	0.199	1.160	11,282,519	126,332,963	8.9%
2014	1,056,106	0.199	1.078	1,365,040	117,294,612	1.2%
Total	59,052,503			86,956,126	1,247,951,368	7.0%

- (2) Exhibit 2, Sheet 2
- (3) Exhibit 4, Sheet 1
- (4) = Exhibit 2, Sheet 4
- (5) = (2) * [1 + (3)] * (4) (6) Exhibit 10, Sheet 1
- (7) = (5) / (6)

Projected Ultimate Non-Hurricane Loss

Accident Year	TWIA Non-Hurricane Paid Loss	Development Factor	Ultimate Non-Hurricane Loss
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014	2,492,327 1,517,386 1,230,788 1,127,682 2,553,456 7,280,462 18,758,152 13,134,975 7,242,873 640,841	1.000 1.000 1.000 1.013 1.034 1.037 1.062 1.120	1,517,386 1,230,788 1,127,682 2,586,651 7,527,998 19,452,204 13,949,343 8,112,018
Total	55,978,942		59,052,503

- (2) Exhibit 2, Sheet 3, as of 12/31/14
- (3) Exhibit 3, Sheet 1 (4) = (2) * (3)

Summary of TWIA Historical Paid Loss as of 12/31/14

Accident	Paid Loss Excludi	ng Expense	
Year	Non-Hurricane	Hurricane	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
2005	2,492,327	68,682,146	71,174,473
2006	1,517,386	0	1,517,386
2007	1,230,788	4,379,850	5,610,638
2008	1,127,682	851,150,739	852,278,421
2009	2,553,456	0	2,553,456
2010	7,280,462	0	7,280,462
2011	18,758,152	0	18,758,152
2012	13,134,975	0	13,134,975
2013	7,242,873	0	7,242,873
2014	640,841	0	640,841
Total	55,978,942	924,212,735	980,191,677

^{(2), (3)} Provided by TWIA, includes commercial and farm (4) = (2) + (3)

Calculation of Net Trend Factors

Year / Quarter	Average EPPR		
(1)	(2)		
		(3) Current Average Earned Date	7/1/2014
2007 / 4	11,057.84	(4) Current Average Accident Date	7/1/2014
2008 / 4	10,944.73	(5) Prospective Average Earned / Accident Date	1/1/2017
2009 / 4	10,288.17	(6) Premium Trend Length	2.500
2010 / 4	10,109.98	(7) Loss Trend Length	2.500
2011 / 4	9,411.94	(8) Selected Premium Trend	-1.2%
2012 / 4	9,758.21	(9) Selected Loss Trend	1.8%
2013 / 4	9,700.53		
2014 / 4	9,211.24		

Accident Year	Current Premium Trend	Current Loss Trend	Prospective Premium Trend	Prospective Loss Trend	Net Trend Factor
(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
2005 2006	0.813 0.823				
2007	0.833				
2008	0.842	1.123	0.970	1.046	1.438
2009	0.895		0.970	1.046	1.341
2010	0.911	1.081	0.970	1.046	1.279
2011	0.979	1.054	0.970	1.046	1.161
2012	0.944	1.040	0.970	1.046	1.188
2013	0.950	1.022	0.970	1.046	1.160
2014	1.000	1.000	0.970	1.046	1.078

- (2) Exhibit 3, Sheet 2 (10)
- (3) Latest Year / Quarter Ending Date 6 Months
- (4) Latest Accident Year Ending Date 6 Months
- (5) Rate Effective Date + 12 Months
- (6) = (5) (3)
- (7) = (5) (4)
- (8) Exhibit 3, Sheet 2
- (9) Exhibit 3, Sheet 3a
- (11) = (2) Indexed to 2014 / 4
- (12) Exhibit 3, Sheet 3a

- (13) = [1 + (8)] ^ (6) (14) = [1 + (9)] ^ (7) (15) = [(12) * (14)] / [(11) * (13)]

Paid Loss Development Factors TWIA Commercial Property Paid Loss

Assident	Months of Dev	relopment				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Accident Year	12	24	36	48	60	72	84
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
2005	1,414	1,943	2,100	2,100	2,100	2,335	2,492
2006	1,210	1,517	1,517	1,517	1,517	1,517	1,517
2007	1,098	5 1,225	1,231	1,231	1,231	1,231	1,231
2008	952	2 1,040	1,040	1,128	1,128	1128	1,128
2009	706	5 2,289	2,553	2,553	2553	2,553	
2010	4,489	6,162	6,783	7280	7,280		
2011	13,360	16,138	18435	18,758			
2012	8,512	2 11404	13,135				
2013	6,886	7,243					
2014	641	1 .					
	Development I	-actors					
Accident							
Year	12 - <u>24</u>	24 - 36	36 - 48		60 - 72	72 - 84	84 - Ult
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
2005	1.375	5 1.081	1.000	1.000	1.112	1.067	
2006	1.254	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	
2007	1.118	3 1.005	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	
2008	1.093	3 1.000	1.085	1.000	1.000	1.000	
2009	3.24		1.000	1.000	1.000		
2010	1.373		1.073	1.000	1.000		
2011	1.208		1.018				
2012	1.340						
2013	1.052						
Average	1.460) 1.071	1.025	1.000	1.022	1.017	-
Average Avg x hi / lo	1.460		1.025	1.000	1.022	1.017	
Avg x ni / io Avg 3 Year	1.25		1.018	1.000	1.000	1.000	
Avg 5 Year	1.643		1.030	1.000	1.000	1.000	
Avg 5 Year Prior	1.643		1.035	1.000	1.022	1.017	
Selected	1.483 1.471		1.023	1.006	1.020	1.008	
Cumulative	1.648		1.024	1.003	1.021	1.013	
Cumulative	1.048	1.120	1.062	1.037	1.034	1.013	1.000

Notes:

Provided by TWIA, includes commercial and farm, excludes hurricanes Brett (1999), Claudette (2003), Rita (2005), Humberto (2007), Dolly (2008), and Ike (2008)

Premium Trend Analysis

TWIA Commercial Earned Premium at Present Rates

ear /	Policies	Annualized	Written	On- Level	Premium at Present Rate	e	Earned Premat Present Ra		Evnonentis	al Fitted Tre	nde	
Quarter		In-Force	Premium	Factors	Written	<u>ತ</u> Earned	Annualized	Average	All-Year	5-Year		3-Year
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
۲٠٪	(-)	(0)	(.)	(0)	(0)	(.,	(5)	(-)	()	(,	()	()
2006/2	11,554		17,237,202	1.742	30,020,244	18,638,747						
2006/3	12,798		24,440,342	1.693	41,385,058	22,932,203						
2006 / 4	13,104		25,268,242	1.613	40,747,289	28,954,432						
2007 / 1	13,418		19,686,371	1.555	30,613,332	33,881,627	104,407,009					
2007 / 2	14,309	13,063	33,066,784	1.555	51,420,571	37,972,681	123,740,942	9,472.72	10,866.24			
2007 / 3	15,543	•	34,446,242	1.555			143,751,076					
2007 / 4	15,186	•	23,752,321	1.555	36,936,096	43,924,773	158,721,417	11,057.84	10,753.86			
2008 / 1	14,705	•	17,918,266	1.508			168,125,252					
2008 / 2	14,506		29,792,537	1.475			172,319,769					
2008 / 3	15,154		31,242,113	1.475			168,481,670					
2008 / 4	14,627		19,084,269	1.475			162,177,702					
2009 / 1	14,096	•	22,603,019	1.330			155,288,933	•	•			
2009 / 2	13,835	•	31,063,838	1.276			149,444,535					
2009/3	14,052		34,959,552	1.276			146,699,147					
2009 / 4	13,862		22,643,071	1.276			144,619,526					
2010 / 1	13,510		21,743,758	1.276			143,664,044	•		•		
2010 / 2	13,517	-	30,585,736	1.276			142,483,691			•	ж.	
2010/3	13,796		30,105,285	1.276			140,070,885			•		
2010 / 4	13,497		19,736,774	1.276			137,754,811	•				
2011 / 1	13,063		18,744,820	1.216			134,408,281		10,051.16		9,702.63	
2011 / 2	12,873		28,450,431	1.216			129,906,376	9,703.38	•	9,901.98	9,688.72	
2011/3	13,052		30,646,904	1.216			126,445,690	9,568.89	9,947.21	9,862.71	9,674.83	
2011 / 4	13,168		22,169,693	1.216			123,109,310		9,895.64		9,660.96	0.000.0
2012 / 1	13,081	•	23,778,724	1.158			121,958,990	9,351.79	9,844.33		9,647.11	9,660.6
2012 / 2	12,750		31,324,576	1.158			123,351,394	9,468.08	9,793.29		9,633.27	9,646.0
2012 / 3	13,263	•	32,445,954	1.158			124,846,226	9,574.74	9,742.52	9,707.17	9,619.46	9,631.4
2012 / 4	13,030	•	22,975,141	1.158			127,327,575	9,758.21	9,692.00	•	9,605.67	9,616.88
2013 / 1	12,985		23,791,092	1.103			128,290,148	9,854.07	9,641.75		9,591.90	9,602.3
2013 / 2	12,897	•	32,039,377	1.103			127,690,950	9,803.25	9,591.77	•	9,578.14	9,587.79
2013 / 3 2013 / 4	13,143 13,048		34,754,762 22,450,741	1.103 1.103			127,429,000 126,262,056	9,780.60 9,700.53	9,542.04 9,492.56	9,554.09 9,516.19	9,564.41 9,550.70	9,573.28 9,558.8
2014 / 1	12,868		21,224,872	1.050				9,700.53	•	9,478.45	9,530.70	9,544.3
2014 / 2	12,800		34,383,166	1.050			124,790,558 123,634,431	9,525.27	9,443.35 9,394.39	9,440.86	9,537.00	9,529.8
2014 / 3	12,522	•	28,579,062	1.050			120,839,318	9,366.21	9,345.68	9,440.80	9,523.33	9,515.4
2014 / 4	12,394		20,489,611	1.050			117,450,161	9,211.24			9,496.04	9,501.0
.01474	12,390	12,751	20,409,011	1.030	21,514,092		117,430,101	9,211.24	9,291.25	9,320.97	9,490.04	9,501.0
14) Ave	erage Annı	ual Change							-2.1%	-1.6%	-0.6%	-0.6%
15) Cor	relation C	oefficient							57.9%	49.6%	10.3%	6.5%
16) Sel	ected.Prer	nium Trend										-1.29

- (2) Provided by TWIA
- (3) Calculated from (2) using uniform quarterly earning assumption
- (4) Provided by TWIA
- (5) Factor to bring written premium to current rate level
- (6) = (4) * (5) Indexed to 2013 / 4
- (7) Calculated from (6) using uniform monthly earning assumption
- (8) = Sum of (7) for prior 4 quarters
- (9) = (8) / (3)
- (10) (13) = (9) fitted to an exponential distribution, excluding 2007 / 2 2007 / 4
- (14) Fitted average annual change, excluding 2007 / 2 2007 / 4
- (15) Evaluates the predictability of the fitted curve
- (16) Selected based on judgment

Loss Trend Analysis

Summary of Indices and Calculation of Prospective Loss Costs

Calendar Year Ending 12/31/xx	Commercial Statewide Boeckh	Coastal Boeckh	Residential Statewide Boeckh	Coastal Boeckh	Modified CPI	Weighted Average
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014	1.157 1.116 1.137 1.116 1.076 1.053 1.041 1.023	1.153 1.106 1.150 1.134 1.089 1.059 1.047	1.153	1.291 1.208 1.160 1.133 1.106 1.108 1.101 1.072 1.041	1.100 1.075 1.052 1.042 1.055 1.055 1.039 1.019	1.243 1.134 1.093 1.123 1.114 1.081 1.054 1.040 1.022
Factors to Adjust	t For Prospecti	ve Loss Costs				
(8) Fitted Trend	1.8%	2.0%	2.4%	2.2%	1.3%	1.8%
(9) Cost Factor	1.045	1.050	1.060	1.057	1.032	1.046

- (2) = Exhibit 3, Sheet 3b trended forward to 12/31/2014
- (3) = Exhibit 3, Sheet 3c trended forward to 12/31/2014
- (4) = Residential Exhibit 3, Sheet 3b trended forward to 12/31/2014
- (5) = Residential Exhibit 3, Sheet 3c trended forward to 12/31/2014
- (6) = Exhibit 3, Sheet 3d
- (7) = 25% CPI and 75% Boeckh (most appropriate available by year)
- (8) = (2) (7) fitted to an exponential curve using 5 years' data (where available)
- $(9) = [1 + (8)]^2$ 2.5 (trended from 7/1/2014 to 1/1/2017)

Loss Trend Analysis

Boeckh Commercial Construction Index Trend (Statewide)

	Texas	Fitted Trends	
Calendar Year	Statewide	Fitted Trends All Years	
Ending	Index	Linear	Exponential
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
3/31/2005	1939.13		
6/30/2005	1964.32		
9/30/2005	1986.91		
12/31/2005	2002.86		
3/31/2006	2017.57		
6/30/2006	2035.39		
9/30/2006	2055.55		
12/31/2006	2078.92	2074.38	2078.24
3/31/2007	2108.32	2084.29	2087.47
6/30/2007	2141.00	2094.20	2096.73
9/30/2007	2157.97	2104.11	2106.04
12/31/2007	2155.18	2114.02	2115.38
3/31/2008	2141.73	2123.93	2124.77
6/30/2008	2124.68	2133.84	2134.20
9/30/2008	2115.34	2143.75	2143.67
12/31/2008	2116.48	2153.66	2153.18
3/31/2009	2120.06	2163.57	2162.74
6/30/2009	2123.27	2173.48	2172.33
9/30/2009	2134.79	2183.39	2181.97
12/31/2009	2155.82	2193.30	2191.66
3/31/2010	2180.78	2203.21	2201.38
6/30/2010	2204.90	2213.12	2211.15
9/30/2010	2223.98	2223.03	2220.96
12/31/2010	2236.19	2232.94	2230.82
3/31/2011	2248.44	2242.85	2240.72
6/30/2011	2260.70	2252.76	2250.66
9/30/2011	2272.99	2262.67	2260.65
12/31/2011	2284.97	2272.58	2270.68
3/31/2012	2294.30	2282.49	2280.76
6/30/2012	2299.84	2292.40	2290.88
9/30/2012	2304.51	2302.31	2301.05
12/31/2012	2312.15	2312.22	2311.26
3/31/2013	2321.41	2322.13	2321.52
6/30/2013	2332.27	2332.04	2331.82
9/30/2013	2342.44	2341.95	2342.17
12/31/2013	2352.25	2351.86	2352.56
3/31/2014	2364.19	2361.77	2363.00
6/30/2014	2378.50	2371.68	2373.49
9/30/2014	2392.72	2381.59	2384.02
12/31/2014	2405.99	2391.50	2394.60
Annual Trend		1.7%	1.8%
R-Squared		0.937	0.936
		U.83 <i>1</i>	U.830

^{(2) =} Average Index for Austin, Corpus Christi, Dallas, El Paso, Fort Worth, Houston, Odessa, and San Antonio

^{(3) - (4) = (2)} fitted to linear and exponential distributions

Loss Trend Analysis

Boeckh Commercial Construction Index Trend (Coastal)

	T	Cittle of Townson	
Oolondan Vaan	Texas	Fitted Trends	
Calendar Year	Coastal	All Years	Evacantial
Ending	Index	Linear	Exponential
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
3/31/2003			
6/30/2003			
9/30/2003			
12/31/2003			
3/31/2004			
6/30/2004			
9/30/2004 12/31/2004	1930.37	1992.34	1998.12
3/31/2005	1950.57	2003.05	2007.87
6/30/2005	1988.13	2003.05	2007.67
9/30/2005	2013.31	2024.45	2027.51
12/31/2005	2031.76	2035.15	2037.40
3/31/2006	2050.67	2045.85	2047.34
6/30/2006	2068.99	2056.56	2057.33
9/30/2006	2089.34	2067.26	2067.36
12/31/2006	2114.71	2077.96	2077.45
3/31/2007	2145.16	2088.66	2087.59
6/30/2007	2180.12	2099.37	2097.77
9/30/2007	2204.40	2110.07	2108.00
12/31/2007	2204.50	2120.77	2118.29
3/31/2008	2186.90	2131.47	2128.62
6/30/2008	2162.64	2142.17	2139.01
9/30/2008	2138.17	2152.88	2149.44
12/31/2008	2121.49	2163.58	2159.93
3/31/2009	2115.33	2174.28	2170.47
6/30/2009	2110.97	2184.98	2181.06
9/30/2009	2120.97	2195.69	2191.70
12/31/2009	2150.95	2206.39	2202.39
3/31/2010	2182.53 2211.72	2217.09 2227.79	2213.14
6/30/2010 9/30/2010	2211.72	2238.50	2223.94 2234.79
12/31/2010	2238.86	2249.20	2234.79
3/31/2011	2250.86	2259.90	2256.64
6/30/2011	2267.98	2270.60	2267.65
9/30/2011	2286.52	2281.30	2278.72
12/31/2011	2303.51	2292.01	2289.84
3/31/2012	2316.23	2302.71	2301.01
6/30/2012	2319.46	2313.41	2312.23
9/30/2012	2322.45	2324.11	2323.51
12/31/2012	2329.89	2334.82	2334.85
3/31/2013	2338.84	2345.52	2346.24
6/30/2013	2351.56	2356.22	2357.69
9/30/2013	2366.76	2366.92	2369.19
12/31/2013	2380.70	2377.62	2380.75
3/31/2014	2395.70	2388.33	2392.37
6/30/2014	2412.94	2399.03	2404.04
9/30/2014	2427.61	2409.73	2415.77
12/31/2014	2439.15	2420.43	2427.55
Annual Trend		1.8%	2.0%
R-Squared		0.916	0.911

^{(2) =} Average Index for Corpus Christi and Houston

^{(3) - (4) = (2)} fitted to linear and exponential distributions

Loss Trend Analysis

Modified Consumer Price Index - External Trend

		Fitted Trends							
Calendar Year	Modified	All Years		5 Years		4 Years		3 Years	
Ending	CPI	Linear	Exponential	Linear	Exponential	Linear	Exponential	Linear	Exponential
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
9/30/2004	167.76	170.70	170.79						
12/31/2004	168.68	171.12	171.19						
3/31/2005	170.03	171.54	171.59						
6/30/2005	170.63		171.99						
9/30/2005	170.66	172.37	172.40						
12/31/2005	171.45	172.79	172.80						
3/31/2006	171.94	173.21	173.21						
6/30/2006	172.99	173.63	173.62						
9/30/2006	174.54	174.05	174.03						
12/31/2006	175.48	174.47	174.44						
3/31/2007	176.25	174.89	174.85						
6/30/2007	177.33	175.31	175.26						
9/30/2007	178.34	175.73	175.67						
12/31/2007	179.24	176.15	176.08						
3/31/2008	180.31	176.57	176.50						
6/30/2008	180.58	176.99	176.91						
9/30/2008	181.04	177.41	177.33						
12/31/2008	181.06	177.83	177.75						
3/31/2009	180.55	178.25	178.17						
6/30/2009	180.07	178.67	178.58						
9/30/2009	179.30	179.09	179.01						
12/31/2009	178.80	179.51	179.43						
3/31/2010	178.46	179.93	179.85	177.70	177.75	;			
6/30/2010	178.56	180.35	180.27	178.28	178.31				
9/30/2010	178.59	180.77	180.70	178.85	178.87	•			
12/31/2010	178.72	181.19	181.12	179.43	179.43	}			
3/31/2011	178.97	181.61	181.55	180.01	180.00	179.93	179.95	5	
6/30/2011	179.61	182.03	181.97	180.58	180.57	180.52	180.53	3	
9/30/2011	180.52	182.44	182.40	181.16	181.14	181.10	181.10)	
12/31/2011	181.55	182.86	182.83	181.73	181.71	181.69	181.68	3	
3/31/2012	182.78		183.26	182.31		182.27	182.26	183.34	183.35
6/30/2012	183.87	183.70	183.69	182.89	182.85	182.86	182.84	183.77	7 183.78
9/30/2012	184.57	184.12	184.13	183.46	183.43	183.44	183.42	184.20	184.20
12/31/2012	185.03	184.54	184.56	184.04	184.01	184.03	184.01	184.63	184.63
3/31/2013	185.38	184.96	184.99	184.61	184.59	184.61	184.59	185.06	185.06
6/30/2013	185.51	185.38	185.43	185.19	185.17	185.20	185.18	185.49	185.49
9/30/2013	185.82	185.80	185.86	185.77	185.76	185.78	185.77	7 185.92	
12/31/2013	186.03	186.22	186.30	186.34	186.34	186.37	186.37	7 186.35	186.35
3/31/2014	186.43	186.64	186.74	186.92					
6/30/2014	186.87	187.06	187.18	187.49					
9/30/2014	187.59	187.48	187.62	188.07	188.11	188.13			
12/31/2014	188.62		188.06	188.65			188.75		
Annual Trend		0.9%	0.9%	1.2%	1.3%	1.2%	1.3%	0.9%	0.9%
R-Squared		0.884	0.880	0.962					
		0.004	0.000	0.002	0.001	0.040	0.001	0.00	. 0.000

^{(2) =} Weighted average of CPI for Lodging, Apparel, Furnishings, and Medical Care

⁽³⁾ - (10) = (2) fitted to linear and exponential distributions

Development of LAE factor Using TWIA Commercial + Residential Experience

Accident	Projected Ultimate	Projected Ultimate	Ultimate LAE to	Hurricane
Year	Loss	LAE	Loss Ratio	Indicator
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1070	120	122	. 1	ດວວ
1978 1979	129 1,423			.023 .103
1980	1,423 12,911	488		.103 .038 H
1981	2.512			.525
1982	796			.682
1983	148,999			.004 H
1984	999			.136
1985	512	·		.633
1986	881	395		.448 H
1987	1,897	674		.355
1988	1,160			.667
1989	12,296			.084 H
1990	335			.457
1991	1,217	445		.366
1992	489			.405
1993	3,375			.249
1994	679			.651
1995	2,977			.133
1996	1,166	925		.793
1997	2,964			.272
1998	22,401	1,704		.076
1999	8,773	4,551		.519 H
2000	6,227	2,433	0.	.391
2001	24,605	1,882	0.	.076
2002	5,167	2,790	0.	.540
2003	155,001	5,526	0.	.036 H
2004	5,167	1,471	0.	.285
2005	154,981	20,231	0.	.131 H
2006	4,276	1,110	0.	.260
2007	15,745	4,948	0.	314 H
2008	2,604,797	335,696	0.	.129 H
2009	10,383	2,244		216
2010	18,177	4,341	0.	.239
2011	97,796	15,154		.155
2012	68,633	15,774		230
2013	77,911	14,600		.187
2014	7,433	4,133	0.	.556
All Years Total	3,485,190	462,164	0.	133
Hurricane Years Total	3,114,384	373,436	0.	120
Non-Hurricane Years				
Total	370,806	88,728	0.	239
10 Year	319,548	63,499	0.	199

⁽²⁾ Exhibit 4, Sheet 2

⁽³⁾ Exhibit 4, Sheet 4

^{(4) = (3) / (2)}

^{(5) &}quot;H" indicates hurricane year

Ultimate Loss (TWIA All Lines)

	Incurred		Indicated
Accident	Loss	Development	Ultimate
Year	at 12/31/14	Factor	Loss
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
. ,	`,		, ,
1977			72
1978			129
1979			1,423
1980			12,911
1981			2,512
1982			796
1983			148,999
1984			999
1985 1986			512 881
1987			1,897
1988			1,160
1989			12,296
1990			335
1991			1,217
1992			489
1993			3,375
1994			679
1995			2,977
1996			1,166
1997			2,964
1998			22,401
1999			8,773
2000			6,227
2001			24,605
2002			5,167
2003			155,001
2004			5,167
2005			154,981
2006 2007			4,276 15.745
2007	2,604,797	7 1.00	15,745 0 2,604,797
2009	10,404		
2010	18,36		
2010	96,828		•
2012	67,287		•
2013	75,204		
2014	6,739		
	,		

⁽²⁾ Exhibit 4, Sheet 3

⁽³⁾ Exhibit 4, Sheet 3

^{(4) 2003 - 2010: (2) * (3); 1978 - 2002:} from prior TWIA annual statements

Incurred Loss Development Factors
TWIA Schedule P Incurred Loss (Including IBNR)

	Months of Deve	elopment					
Accident Year	12	24	36 4	.8 6	0 7:	2 0	4
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
2005	164,811	157,442	152,243	153,502	154,576	154,793	154,981
2006	4,471	4,616	4,507	4,279	4,365	4,284	4,276
2007	16,446	15,813	15,537	15,834	15,867	15,750	15,745
2008	1,902,481	1,774,393	2,273,398	2,384,020	2,680,497	2,632,000	2,604,797
2009	8,267	10,825	10,581	10,732	10,453	10,404	
2010	15,215	18,166	18,173	18,522	18,361		
2011	94,870	96,967	97,503	96,828			
2012	62,722	69,764	67,287				
2013	77,204	75,204					
2014	6,739						
	Development F	actors	,				
Accident	10.01						
Year	12 - 24						4 - Ult
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
2005	0.955	0.967	1.008	1.007	1.001	1.001	
2006	1.032	0.976	0.949	1.020	0.981	0.998	
2007	0.962	0.983	1.019	1.002	0.993	1.000	
2008	0.933	1.281	1.049	1.124	0.982	0.990	
2009	1.309	0.977	1.014	0.974	0.995		
2010	1.194	1.000	1.019	0.991			
2011	1.022	1.006	0.993				
2012	1.112	0.964					
2013	0.974						
Average	1.055	1.019	1.007	1.020	0.991	0.997	
Average Avg x hi / lo	1.036	0.985	1.007	1.005	0.990	0.999	
Avg 3 Year	1.036	0.983	1.009	1.030	0.990	0.996	
Avg 5 Year	1.122	1.046	1.009	1.022	0.991	0.997	
Prior	1.074	1.039	1.019	1.023	0.997	1.000	1.000
1 1101							
Selected	1.065	1.016	1.010	1.020	0.992	0.998	1.000

Ultimate LAE (TWIA All Lines)

Incurred Incurred ALAE Development Ultimate Ultimate ULAE ULAE LAE ULAE ULAE						
Year at 12/31/14 Factor ALAE ULAE LAE 1978 (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) 1979 132 132 147 147 147 148 1898 488 488 1981 1,318 1982 565 565 565 565 565 565 565 565 565 565 565 1984 9,127 1985 324 9,127 1985 325 395 395 1987 325 395 1987 270 404 674 474 1988 652 122 774 1988 652 122 774 1989 235 801 1,036 1,938 1991 119 326 445 1992 25 801 1,036 1,938 1991 119 326 445 1992 205 383 1,991 119 326 445 1,992 205 383 1,992 1,992 3						
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	2014	516	5 1.15	б	596	3,537 4,13

- (2) Exhibit 4, Sheet 5
- (3) Exhibit 4, Sheet 5
- (4) 2004 2014: (2) * (3); 1985 2003: from TWIA's annual statements
- (5) From TWIA's annual statements
- (6) 1986 2014: (4) + (5); prior years from prior TWIA annual statements

Incurred ALAE Development Factors
TWIA Schedule P Incurred ALAE (Including IBNR)

Accident	Months of Deve	lopment					
Year	12	24	36	48	60	72	84
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
2004	814	837	839	844	847	845	844
2005	12,902	16,742	18,549	16,151	15,253	15,243	15,229
2006	704	891	899	879	867	860	860
2007	2,660	3,107	2,921	2,519	2,497	2,490	2,489
2008	167,316	139,787	106,761	111,632	120,296	92,426	95,040
2009	7,335	359	226	231	223	226	
2010	391	312	322	316	335		
2011	515	592	609	682			
2012	516	679	719				
2013	802	806					
2014	516						
	Dovelonment F	actors					
Accident	Development F	actors					
	10 04	24 - 36	36 - 48	48 - 60	60 - 72	72 - 84	84 - Ult
Year (1)	12 - 24 (2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(3)	(0)	(1)	(0)
2004	1.028	1.002	1.006	1.004	0.998	0.999	
2005	1.298	1.108	0.871	0.944	0.999	0.999	
2006	1.266	1.009	0.978	0.986	0.992	1.000	
2007	1.168	0.940	0.862	0.991	0.997	1.000	
2008	0.835	0.764	1.046	1.078	0.768	1.028	
2009	0.049	0.630	1.022	0.965	1.013		
2010	0.798	1.032	0.981	1.060			
0044	1.150	1.029	1.120				
2011	1.100						
2011		1.059					
	1.316 1.005	1.059					
2012 2013	1.316 1.005		0.99	1.00	0,96	1.01	
2012 2013 Average	1.316 1.005	0.95	0.99 0.98	1.00 1.00	0.96 1.00	1.01 1.00	
2012 2013 Average Avg x hi / lo	1.316 1.005 0.99 1.07	0.95 0.98	0.98	1.00	1.00	1.00	<u></u>
2012 2013 Average Avg x hi / lo Avg 3 Year	1.316 1.005 0.99 1.07 1.16	0.95 0.98 1.04	0.98 1.04	1.00 1.03	1.00 0.93	1.00 1.01	
2012 2013 Average Avg x hi / lo Avg 3 Year Avg 5 Year	1.316 1.005 0.99 1.07 1.16 0.86	0.95 0.98 1.04 0.90	0.98 1.04 1.01	1.00 1.03 1.02	1.00 0.93 0.95	1.00 1.01 1.01	1.00
2012 2013 Average Avg x hi / lo Avg 3 Year	1.316 1.005 0.99 1.07 1.16	0.95 0.98 1.04	0.98 1.04	1.00 1.03	1.00 0.93	1.00 1.01	1.00

Texas Windstorm Insurance Association Commercial Property - Wind & Hail Rate Level Review Summary of Indicated Hurricane Loss & LAE Ratios

Indicated Indicated LAE Loss Loss & LAE Basis for Hurricane Loss Ratio Ratio Factor Ratio (2) (3) Industry Experience 39.9% 0.120 44.7% **Hurricane Models** AIR Model 41.5% 0.120 46.5% RMS Model 0.120 44.8% 50.2% 43.2% 0.120 Average of Models 48.4%

⁽²⁾ Exhibit 6 - Exhibit 8, Sheet 1

⁽³⁾ Exhibit 4, Sheet 1

^{(4) = (2) * [1 + (3)]}

Industry Experience -- Commercial Extended Coverage 1970 - 2014 -- Hurricane Years Only

	Earned Premium	
Accide		Incurred
Year	TWIA Rate Level	Loss Ratio
	(1) (2)	(3)
1970	52,930,917	43.6%
1971	57,179,413	97.8%
1980	63,530,687	60.5%
1983	37,846,069	325.1%
1986	46,851,928	10.2%
1989	75,388,279	6.1%
1990	68,538,791	84.3%
1999	149,356,747	10.0%
2003	203,382,311	28.5%
2005	290,319,029	209.9%
2007	406,958,048	3.5%
2008	381,836,963	464.9%
(4)	Simple Average Loss Ratio for Hurricane Years	112.0%
(5)	Selected Non-Hurricane Loss Ratio	8.0%
(6)	Average Hurricane Loss Ratio for Hurricane Years	104.0%
(7)	Historical Hurricane Frequency (a) 45.3-Year (10/1/1969 - 12/31/2014) (b) 164-Year (1/1/1851 - 12/31/2014)	0.287 0.384
	Selected Frequency	0.384
(8)	Indicated Hurricane Loss Ratio	39.9%

- (2) Exhibit 6, Sheet 2. 1999 year ending 12/31/99; all other accident years ending 9/30/xx (3) Exhibit 6, Sheet 2. 1999 year ending 12/31/99; all other accident years ending 9/30/xx
- (4) = Average of (3)
- (5) Exhibit 6, Sheet 2
- (6) = (4) (5)
- (7) Exhibit 9
- (8) = (6) * (7) Selected

Industry Experience -- Commercial Extended Coverage 1970 - 2014

\ aaidant	Formad	Earned	Earned	lm a , uma el	lm account	
Accident	Earned Premium	Premium at 1992 CMR	Premium at	Incurred	Incurred	Hurricane
<u>ear</u> (1)	(2)	(3)	Current Rates (4)	Losses (5)	Loss Ratio (6)	Indicator (7)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(3)	(0)	(1)
970	10,874,210	18,835,352	52,930,917	23,092,142	43.6%	Н
971	13,340,143	20,347,170			97.8%	
972	18,906,678	24,314,307		8,704,522	12.7%	
973	21,737,541	23,257,532			5.9%	
974	22,348,193	22,844,661	64,197,837		3.4%	
975	24,396,629	24,958,305			5.6%	
976	26,795,934	24,109,943	67,753,520	2,218,115	3.3%	
977	30,910,821	27,119,226	76,210,177	1,898,346	2.5%	
978	32,709,599	26,415,338	74,232,118	2,535,872	3.4%	
979	31,306,685	24,514,306	68,889,857	4,535,147	6.6%	
980	28,751,765	22,607,257	63,530,687	38,431,071	60.5%	H
981	24,129,384	21,398,588		4,272,728	7.1%	
982	18,505,004	17,523,231			3.4%	
983	12,680,397	13,262,706			325.1%	Н
984	12,736,031	14,992,627			11.0%	
985	15,169,575	16,422,895			4.0%	
986	21,130,682	17,090,896			10.2%	Н
987	31,114,529	26,771,157			2.1%	
988.	25,065,531	24,117,319			9.4%	
989	24,167,085	27,085,314			6.1%	
990	19,677,404	23,041,233			84.3%	Н
991	21,794,680	25,534,881	71,959,856		68.6%	
992	23,737,753	26,950,473			1.6%	
993	21,990,182		60,916,697		6.0%	
994	16,604,950		46,659,910		12.0%	
995	32,374,229		90,971,584		25.9% 2.9%	
996 997	55,367,089 53,196,024		155,581,520 149,480,827		4.3%	
99 <i>1</i> 998					16.2%	
999	53,986,058 52,435,243		152,649,945 149,356,747		10.2%	ш
000	41,739,697		116,632,813		9.5%	П
001	42,330,042		115,514,001		6.4%	
002	69,156,402		184,824,194		13.8%	
003	78,368,305		203,382,311		28.5%	Н
004	112,957,791		284,252,186		2.2%	
005	119,598,806		290,319,029		209.9%	Н
006	148,019,940		343,934,667		2.2%	
007	186,853,098		406,958,048		3.5%	Н
008	180,008,011		381,836,963		464.9%	
009	193,672,354		398,412,789		2.4%	
010	201,245,742		409,062,408		5.5%	
011	199,106,765		404,126,784		13.5%	
)12	230,408,157		468,765,698		14.9%	
013	254,871,359		518,468,996		5.8%	
014	264,464,447		540,969,091		1.1%	
otal / Average	3,120,740,944		7,314,475,973		36.4%	
				•		
verage of Non-H					8.9% 7.1%	
erage of Non-H						

Notes: (2) Provided by TDI. 1971 - 1995 are year ending 9/30/xx as of 12/31/99; 1996 - 2013 are year ending 12/31/xx as of 12/31/14

⁽³⁾ Provided by TDI (1992 MR = 1992 manual rates)

^{(4) 1982 - 2014:} Sum of Exhibit 6, Sheet 4 - Sheet 7, (5); 1971 - 1981: (3) * 2.810

⁽⁵⁾ Provided by TDI. 1982 - 1995 are year ending 9/30/xx as of 12/31/99; 1996 - 2014 are year ending 12/31/xx as of 12/31/14

^{(6) 1982 - 2014:} Exhibit 6, Sheet 3; 1971 - 1981: (5) / (4)

^{(7) &}quot;H" indicates occurrence of hurricane(s) during the time period

Industry Experience -- Commercial Extended Coverage

A : - ! 4	Loss Ratios by Territory / Tier						
Accident	T	T		T: 0	Weighted		
Year	Territory 8	Territory 9	Territory 10	Tier 2	Loss Ratio		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)		
1982	2.1%	3.7%		5.6%	3.4%		
1983	968.8%	2.6%	48.7%	162.3%	325.1%		
1984	8.3%	3.3%		15.5%	11.0%		
1985	4.0%	5.8%	3.2%	8.7%	4.0%		
1986	3.2%	1.5%	17.3%	13.7%	10.2%		
1987	0.5%	2.0%		3.3%	2.1%		
1988	12.7%	3.1%	9.6%	5.2%	9.4%		
1989	14.7%	2.0%	2.2%	6.0%	6.1%		
1990	259.7%	2.6%	7.6%	7.5%	84.3%		
1991	23.5%	20.4%	113.5%	5.1%	68.6%		
1992	0.8%	1.1%	2.1%	4.2%	1.6%		
1993	14.9%	1.9%	2.1%	6.2%	6.0%		
1994	0.4%	4.1%	21.7%	8.7%	12.0%		
1995	8.5%	11.4%	41.4%	22.7%	25.9%		
1996	1.6%	3.2%	3.4%	7.3%	2.9%		
1997	5.8%	2.2%	4.0%	10.0%	4.3%		
1998	22.8%	15.2%	12.7%	10.1%	16.2%		
1999	3.0%	13.9%	13.0%	10.2%	10.0%		
2000	2.3%	2.2%	15.2%	64.0%	9.5%		
2001	7.7%	3.4%	6.1%	29.4%	6.4%		
2002	12.9%	33.8%	7.6%	9.4%	13.8%		
2003	2.6%	8.9%		28.3%	28.5%		
2004	3.2%	0.7%	2.0%	2.6%	2.2%		
2005	73.4%	1.7%	366.2%	38.3%	209.9%		
2006	2.5%	1.0%	2.4%	4.0%	2.2%		
2007	1.8%	1.1%	5.3%	6.2%	3.5%		
2008	771.9%	35.1%	428.4%	290.6%	464.9%		
2009	2.8%	4.3%	1.4%	5.5%	2.4%		
2010	1.7%	4.1%	8.3%	1.7%	5.5%		
2011	4.3%	27.2%	14.6%	8.8%	13.5%		
2012	16.6%	20.8%	12.0%	4.5%	14.9%		
2013	15.2%	3.6%	0.9%	3.2%	5.8%		
2014	0.6%	2.9%	0.8%	1.4%	1.1%		
Average	68.9%	7.6%	37.8%	24.6%	42.0%		

TWIA 2014 Written Premium by Territory / Tier

		Territory 8	Territory 9	Territory 10	Tier 2	Total
(7)	Amount	118,581,370	66,342,927	196,352,591		385,372,556
(8)	% Share	30.77%	17.22%	50.95%		100.00%

- (2) Exhibit 6, Sheet 4
- (3) Exhibit 6, Sheet 5
- (4) Exhibit 6, Sheet 6
- (5) Exhibit 6, Sheet 7
- (6) = Weighted average of (2) to (5), using (8)
- (7) Provided by TWIA
- (8) = (7) / (7) Total

Industry Experience -- Commercial Extended Coverage

Tier 1 -- Territory 8 (Galveston County)

		Earned	TWIA Factor	Earned		
Accident	Earned	Premium	to Current	Premium at	Incurred	Incurred
Year	Premium	at 1992 MR	Rate Level	Current Rates	Loss	Loss Ratio
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1982	1,604,454	1,510,804		.,	88,884	
1983	913,865	968,224	2.810	2,720,709	26,357,425	968.8%
1984	1,195,339	1,366,667	2.810	3,840,334	318,455	8.3%
1985	2,581,481	2,777,593	2.810	7,805,036	314,878	4.0%
1986	3,013,362	2,349,181	2.810	6,601,199	211,282	3.2%
1987	3,004,153	2,585,122	2.810	7,264,193	37,480	0.5%
1988	2,905,355	2,728,206	2.810	7,666,259	969,836	12.7%
1989	2,825,114	3,015,974	2.810	8,474,887	1,244,199	14.7%
1990	2,303,321	2,474,141	2.810	6,952,336	18,053,460	259.7%
1991	2,203,500	2,080,579	2.810	5,846,427	1,371,244	23.5%
1992	2,352,391	2,012,473	2.810	5,655,049	46,331	0.8%
1993	2,406,016		2.810	6,760,905	1,005,945	14.9%
1994	2,807,090		2.810	7,887,923	28,034	0.4%
1995	2,645,757		2.810	7,434,577	635,625	8.5%
1996	5,519,716		2.810	15,510,402	249,644	1.6%
1997	5,461,636		2.810	15,347,197	886,485	5.8%
1998	6,133,105		2.853	17,497,749	3,994,564	22.8%
1999	6,706,028		2.897	19,427,363	575,316	3.0%
2000	4,997,201		2.772	13,852,241	320,131	2.3%
2001	4,785,262		2.606	12,470,393	962,576	7.7%
2002	8,206,069		2.493	20,457,730	2,632,325	12.9%
2003	8,793,047		2.318	20,382,283	529,845	2.6%
2004	12,425,339		2.107		830,387	3.2%
2005	13,839,253		1.916		19,469,845	73.4%
2006	18,438,026		1.776		812,370	2.5%
2007	24,945,613		1.609		713,074	
2008	25,006,073		1.521	38,034,237	293,597,131	771.9%
2009	29,453,553		1.385	40,793,171	1,143,669	2.8%
2010	31,808,339		1.276	40,587,441	669,882	1.7%
2011	31,643,330		1.245		1,675,264	4.3%
2012	36,313,568		1.186	43,067,892	7,161,746	16.6%
2013	39,538,950		1.129	44,639,475	6,768,497	15.2%
2014	39,867,321		1.076		250,768	0.6%
Total	309,544,256	-		639,095,573	383,233,161	60.0%

⁽²⁾ Provided by TDI. 1982 - 1995 are year ending 9/30/xx as of 12/31/99; 1996 - 2014 are year ending 12/31/xx as of 12/31/14

⁽³⁾ Provided by TDI (1992 MR = 1992 manual rates)

⁽⁴⁾ Represents 1/1/98 through 1/1/15 rate changes for TWIA; factors assume uniform earning of written premium and that TWIA premium represents 100.0% of industry data in Tier 1 -- Territory 8

^{(5) = (3) * (4)} for 1982 - 1993; (2) * (4) for 1994 - 2014

⁽⁶⁾ Provided by TDI. 1982 - 1995 are year ending 9/30/xx as of 12/3199; 1996 - 2014 are year ending 12/31/xx as of 12/31/14 (7) = (6) / (5)

Industry Experience -- Commercial Extended Coverage

Tier 1 -- Territory 9 (Nueces County)

		Earned	TWIA Factor	Earned		
Accident	Earned	Premium	to Current	Premium at	Incurred	Incurred
Year	Premium	at 1992 MR	Rate Level	Current Rates	Loss	Loss Ratio
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1982	1,347,308	1,286,028	2.810	3,613,739	132,668	3.7%
1983	745,985	1,333,262	2.810	3,746,466	96,051	2.6%
1984	558,639	820,826	2.810	2,306,521	76,481	3.3%
1985	1,235,059	652,809	2.810	.,	106,148	5.8%
1986	2,228,911	1,383,103	2.810	3,886,519	56,387	1.5%
1987	2,381,538	1,849,840	2.810	5,198,050	105,275	2.0%
1988	1,796,653	2,086,940	2.810	5,864,301	181,414	3.1%
1989	1,632,453	1,719,227	2.810	4,831,028	98,116	2.0%
1990	1,429,526	1,826,430	2.810	5,132,268	135,678	2.6%
1991	1,390,109	1,769,972	2.810	4,973,621	1,013,636	20.4%
1992	1,571,433	1,555,310	2.810	4,370,421	49,512	1.1%
1993	1,587,772	1,629,721	2.810	4,579,516	86,000	1.9%
1994	2,203,514		2.810	6,191,874	254,088	4.1%
1995	2,669,951		2.810	7,502,562	854,753	11.4%
1996	5,639,923		2.810	15,848,184	502,177	3.2%
1997	3,183,758		2.810	8,946,360	199,390	2.2%
1998	3,613,310		2.846	10,283,480	1,561,275	15.2%
1999	6,808,428		2.882	19,621,889	2,735,082	13.9%
2000	5,167,158		2.779	14,359,532	317,804	2.2%
2001	4,763,324		2.640		431,244	3.4%
2002	8,479,915		2.547	21,598,344	7,300,265	33.8%
2003	9,934,549		2.401	23,852,852	2,122,879	8.9%
2004	14,597,450		2.226	32,493,924	212,644	0.7%
2005	16,137,249		2.067	33,355,694	566,758	1.7%
2006	21,281,705		1.951	41,520,606	434,362	1.0%
2007	27,801,192		1.812	50,375,760	571,169	1.1%
2008	28,095,094		1.739	48,857,368	17,167,543	35.1%
2009	30,063,795		1.626	48,883,731	2,093,422	4.3%
2010	28,497,120		1.536	43,771,576	1,800,223	4.1%
2011	26,062,220		1.510		10,707,726	27.2%
2012	27,782,562		1.461		8,455,590	20.8%
2013	29,398,159		1.414	41,568,997	1,484,853	3.6%
2014	29,274,542		1.369	40,076,848	1,159,245	2.9%
Total	291,926,127			651,965,874	60,833,736	9.3%

⁽²⁾ Provided by TDI. 1982 - 1995 are year ending 9/30/xx as of 12/31/99; 1996 - 2014 are year ending 12/31/xx as of 12/31/14

⁽³⁾ Provided by TDI (1992 MR = 1992 manual rates)

⁽⁴⁾ Represents 1/1/98 through 1/1/15 rate changes for TWIA; factors assume uniform earning of written premium and that TWIA premium represents 83.1% of industry data in Tier 1 -- Territory 9

^{(5) = (3) * (4)} for 1982 - 1993; (2) * (4) for 1994 - 2014

⁽⁶⁾ Provided by TDI. 1982 - 1995 are year ending 9/30/xx as of 12/31/99; 1996 - 2014 are year ending 12/31/xx as of 12/31/14 (7) = (6) / (5)

Industry Experience -- Commercial Extended Coverage

Tier 1 -- Territory 10 (Other Tier 1)

		Earned	TWIA Factor	Earned		
Accident	Earned	Premium	to Current	Premium at	Incurred	Incurred
Year	Premium	at 1992 MR	Rate Level	Current Rates	Loss	Loss Ratio
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1982	4,012,396			, ,		
1983	3,769,988			, ,	, ,	
1984	4,835,650			, ,		
1985	3,637,366			, ,	•	
1986	4,787,352			, ,		
1987	5,996,981				•	
1988	5,872,305			, ,		
1989	5,125,436	5,768,621				
1990	3,842,130			16,630,038	1,263,817	
1991	4,253,902	4,624,825	2.810	12,995,758		
1992	4,034,147	4,765,878		, ,		
1993	4,540,606	4,187,015	2.810	11,765,512		
1994	5,145,260		2.810	14,458,181	3,130,886	21.7%
1995	9,324,050	1	2.810	26,200,581	10,852,486	41.4%
1996	15,331,047		2.810	43,080,242	1,478,175	3.4%
1997	17,116,368		2.810	48,096,994	1,911,482	4.0%
1998	17,623,413		2.840	50,050,493	6,340,723	12.7%
1999	15,019,386		2.871	43,120,657	5,614,569	13.0%
2000	11,756,138		2.784	32,729,088	4,969,254	15.2%
2001	11,140,104		2.666	29,699,517	1,824,700	6.1%
2002	20,528,832		2.587	53,108,088	4,053,342	7.6%
2003	23,885,668		2.464	58,854,286	29,908,218	50.8%
2004	31,412,192		2.316	72,750,637	1,462,655	2.0%
2005	34,104,704		2.181	74,382,359	272,418,664	366.2%
2006	46,364,875		2.083	96,578,035	2,319,049	2.4%
2007	72,031,804		1.966	141,614,527	7,543,317	5.3%
2008	66,839,704		1.903	127,195,957	544,866,633	428.4%
2009	67,125,808		1.808	121,363,461	1,683,004	1.4%
2010	65,633,507		1.732		9,475,100	8.3%
2011	64,578,607		1.710	110,429,418	16,125,042	14.6%
2012	71,579,602		1.668	119,394,776	14,356,041	12.0%
2013	77,500,364		1.628	126,170,593	1,179,230	0.9%
2014	72,931,250		1.591	116,033,619	954,197	0.8%
Total	725,793,551			1,777,383,692	961,418,037	54.1%

⁽²⁾ Provided by TDI. 1982 - 1996 are year ending 9/30/xx as of 12/31/99; 1997 - 2010 are year ending 12/31/xx as of 12/31/14

⁽³⁾ Provided by TDI (1992 MR = 1992 manual rates)

⁽⁴⁾ Represents 1/1/98 through 1/1/15 rate changes for TWIA; factors assume uniform earning of written premium and that TWIA premium represents 70.3% of industry data in Tier 1 -- Territory 10

^{(5) = (3) * (4)} for 1982 - 1993; (2) * (4) for 1994 - 2014 (6) Provided by TDI. 1982 - 1995 are year ending 9/30/xx as of 12/31/99; 1996 - 2014 are year ending 12/31/xx as of 12/31/14 (7) = (6) / (5)

Industry Experience -- Commercial Extended Coverage

Tier 2 (Territories 1 and 11)

		Earned	TWIA Factor	Earned		
AY	Earned	Premium	to Current	Premium at	Incurred	Incurred
Ending	Premium	at 1992 MR	Rate Level	Current Rates	Loss	Loss Ratio
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1982	11,540,846	10,846,491	2.810	30,478,640	1,700,638	5.6%
1983	7,250,559	7,334,192	2.810	20,609,080	33,451,768	162.3%
1984	6,146,403	7,090,092	2.810	19,923,159	3,096,573	15.5%
1985	7,715,669	8,264,972	2.810	23,224,571	2,019,280	8.7%
1986	11,101,057	8,943,773	2.810	25,132,002	3,439,343	13.7%
1987	19,731,857	16,746,125	2.810	47,056,611	1,552,595	3.3%
1988	14,491,218	13,901,265	2.810	39,062,555	2,041,063	5.2%
1989	14,584,082	16,324,747	2.810	45,872,539	2,746,147	6.0%
1990	12,102,427	14,172,295	2.810	39,824,149	2,967,816	7.5%
1991	13,947,169	17,133,114	2.810	48,144,050	2,440,246	5.1%
1992	15,779,782	19,121,264	2.810	53,730,752	2,232,412	4.2%
1993	13,455,788		2.810	37,810,764	2,357,383	6.2%
1994	6,449,086		2.810	18,121,932	1,579,205	8.7%
1995	17,734,471		2.810	49,833,864	11,314,057	22.7%
1996	28,876,403		2.810	81,142,692	5,938,855	7.3%
1997	27,434,262		2.810	77,090,276	7,691,121	10.0%
1998	26,616,230		2.811	74,818,223	7,574,576	10.1%
1999	23,901,401		2.811	67,186,838	6,821,707	10.2%
2000	19,819,200		2.810	55,691,952	35,670,537	64.0%
2001	21,641,352		2.808	60,768,916	17,852,673	29.4%
2002	31,941,586		2.807	89,660,032	8,461,924	9.4%
2003	35,755,041		2.805	100,292,890	28,411,179	28.3%
2004	54,522,810		2.803	152,827,436	3,982,223	2.6%
2005	55,697,704		2.802		59,821,556	38.3%
2006	61,817,890		2.800	173,090,092	6,975,659	4.0%
2007	62,461,690		2.799	174,830,270	10,848,562	6.2%
2008	59,953,324		2.798	167,749,401	487,533,211	290.6%
2009	66,990,499		2.797	187,372,426	10,217,816	5.5%
2010	75,474,305		2.796	211,026,157	3,623,901	1.7%
2011	76,904,282		2.795	, ,	18,897,681	8.8%
2012	95,067,158		2.795		11,872,905	4.5%
2013	109,552,588		2.794	306,089,931	9,896,320	3.2%
2014	122,391,334		2.794	341,961,387	4,753,490	1.4%
Total	984,565,659			3,457,148,729	806,420,956	23.3%

⁽²⁾ Provided by TDI. 1982 - 1995 are year ending 9/30/xx as of 12/31/99; 1996 - 2014 are year ending 12/31/xx as of 12/31/14

⁽³⁾ Provided by TDI (1992 MR = 1992 manual rates)

⁽⁴⁾ Represents 1/1/98 through 1/1/15 rate changes for TWIA; factors assume uniform earning of written premium and that TWIA premium represents 1.0% of industry data in Tier 2

^{(5) = (3) * (4)} for 1982 - 1993; (2) * (4) for 1994 - 2014 (6) Provided by TDI. 1982 - 1995 are year ending 9/30/xx as of 12/31/99; 1996 - 2014 are year ending 12/31/xx as of 12/31/14 (7) = (6) / (5)

Hurricane Loss Ratio -- AIR Model

	TWIA Insured			
	Values (000s)	Modeled		Expected Annual
County	as of 12/31/14	Loss Cost		Hurricane Loss
(1)	(2)	(3)		(4)
Aransas	358,923		4.801	1,723,189
Brazoria	1,254,400		2.373	2,976,691
Calhoun	175,382		3.027	530,881
Cameron	1,722,065		2.822	4,859,667
Chambers	100,792		1.954	196,948
Galveston	3,423,193		6.961	23,828,846
Harris	125,354		3.869	484,995
Jefferson	1,073,187		2.176	2,335,255
Kenedy	1,451		1.408	2,043
Kleberg	84,344		0.693	58,450
Matagorda	164,843		2.357	388,535
Nueces	2,961,185		3.479	10,301,963
Refugio	24,456		1.271	31,084
San Patricio	332,344		2.524	838,836
Willacy	36,877		1.704	62,838

T-1-1	44 000 700		4 407	10.000.001
Total	11,838,796		4.107	48,620,221
(5) 2014 Earned	Premium at Prese	ent Rates		117,294,612
(-)	rricane Loss Ratio	, iii i ialoo		41.5%
, ,				

- (2) Provided by TWIA

- (3) Exhibit 7, Sheet 2 (4) = (2) * (3) (5) Exhibit 10, Sheet 1 (6) = (4) Total / (5)

AIR Simulated Hurricane Results

	TWIA Insured	Average		
	Values (000s)	Annual	Provision for	Modeled
County	as of 12/15/14	Modeled Loss	Storm Surge	Loss Cost
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Aransas	358,923	1,716,371	1.004	4.801
Brazoria	1,254,400	2.964.507	1.004	
Calhoun	175,382			
Cameron	1,722,065			
Chambers	100,792	196,159	1.004	1.954
Galveston	3,423,193	23,735,397	1.004	6.961
Harris	125,354	483,084	1.004	3.869
Jefferson	1,073,187	2,325,949	1.004	2.176
Kenedy	1,451	2,035	1.004	1.408
Kleberg	84,344	58,200	1.004	0.693
Matagorda	164,843	387,008	1.004	2.357
Nueces	2,961,185	10,261,306	1.004	3.479
Refugio	24,456	30,966	1.004	1.271
San Patricio	332,344	835,436	1.004	
Willacy	36,877	62,597	1.004	
Tatal	44 000 700	40,400,440	4.004	4.407
Total	11,838,796	48,428,149	1.004	4.107

- (2) Provided by TWIA and Geo-coded by AIR (3) Provided by AIR
- (4) = 10% of modeled storm surge increase, estimated to be 4.0%
- (5) = (3) / (2) * (4)

Hurricane Loss Ratio -- RMS Model

	TWIA Insured Values (000s)	Modeled		Expected Annual
County	as of 12/31/14	Loss Cost		Hurricane Loss
(1)	(2)	(3)		(4)
Aransas Brazoria Calhoun Cameron Chambers Galveston Harris Jefferson Kenedy Kleberg Matagorda Nueces Refugio San Patricio Willacy	364,214 1,249,789 175,382 1,722,065 103,407 3,427,003 123,107 1,073,619 1,451 84,344 164,843 2,961,360 24,456 326,879 36,877		3.977 3.446 4.631 4.199 3.422 6.212 4.315 3.035 2.506 1.979 3.572 3.861 2.506 2.920 2.758	1,448,479 4,306,773 812,194 7,230,951 353,859 21,288,543 531,207 3,258,434 3,636 166,917 588,819 11,433,811 61,287 954,487 101,707
Total	11,838,796		4.438	52,541,104
` '	Premium at Prese rricane Loss Ratio	ent Rates		117,294,612 44 .8%

- (2) Provided by TWIA (3) Exhibit 8, Sheet 2 (4) = (2) * (3) (5) Exhibit 10, Sheet 1 (6) = (4) Total / (5)

RMS Simulated Hurricane Results

	TWIA Insured Values (000s)	Average Annual	Provision for	Modeled
County	as of 12/15/14	Modeled Loss	Storm Surge	Loss Cost
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Aransas	364,214	1,422,913	1.018	3.977
Brazoria	1,249,789	4,230,058	1.018	3.446
Calhoun	175,382	797,830	1.018	4.631
Cameron	1,722,065	7,103,024	1.018	4.199
Chambers	103,407	347,639	1.018	3.422
Galveston	3,427,003	20,913,076	1.018	6.212
Harris	123,107	521,839	1.018	4.315
Jefferson	1,073,619	3,200,376	1.018	3.035
Kenedy	1,451	3,572	1.018	2.506
Kleberg	84,344	163,994	1.018	1.979
Matagorda	164,843	578,444	1.018	3.572
Nueces	2,961,360	11,230,421	1.018	3.861
Refugio	24,456	60,199	1.018	2.506
San Patricio	326,879	937,461	1.018	2.920
Willacy	36,877	99,907	1.018	2.758
		·		
Total	11,838,796	51,610,753	1.018	4.438

- (2) Provided by TWIA and Geo-coded by RMS
 (3) Provided by RMS
 (4) = 10% of modeled storm surge increase, estimated to be 18.0%
 (5) = (3) / (2) * (4)

Texas Hurricanes 1850 - 2014

Landfall Year Month Name Year Month Name (1) (2) (1) (2) 1851 Jun 1929 Jun 1932 Aug "Freeport"	
(1) (2) (1) (2) 1851 Jun 1929 Jun	
1851 Jun 1929 Jun	
1	
1	
1854 Jun 1932 Δug "Freenort"	
·	
1854 Sep "Matagorda" 1933 Aug	
1865 Sep "Sabine River-Lake Calcasieu" 1933 Sep	
1866 Jul 1934 Jul	
1867 Oct "Galveston" 1936 Jun	
1869 Aug "Lower Texas Coast" 1940 Aug	
1875 Sep 1941 Sep	
1879 Aug 1942 Aug	
1880 Aug 1942 Aug	
1882 Sep 1943 Jul	
1886 Jun 1945 Aug	
1886 Aug "Indianola" 1947 Aug	
1886 Sep 1949 Oct	
1886 Oct 1957 Jun Audrey	
1887 Sep 1959 Jul Debra	
1888 Jun 1961 Sep Carla	
1891 Jul 1963 Sep Cindy	
1895 Aug 1967 Sep Beulah	
1897 Sep 1970 Aug Celia	
1900 Sep "Galveston" 1971 Sep Fern	
1909 Jun 1980 Aug Allen	
1909 Jul "Velasco" 1983 Aug Alicia	
1909 Aug 1986 Jun Bonnie	
1910 Sep 1989 Aug Chantal	
1912 Oct 1989 Oct Jerry	
1913 Jun 1999 Aug Bret	
1915 Aug "Galveston" 2003 Jul Claudette	
1916 Aug 2005 Sep Rita	
1919 Sep 2007 Sep Humberto	
1921 Jun 2008 Jul Dolly	
2008 Sep Ike	
Frequency Date Period Hurricanes Period Annual Frequency	
45.3-Year 10/1/1969 - 12/31/2014 13 45.3 0.287	
164-Year 1/1/1851 - 12/31/2014 63 164 0.384	

^{(1), (2)} from NOAA Technical Memorandum NWS TPC-5, updated with actual experience through 2014

Calculation of Earned Premium at Present Rate Level

		TWIA	Factor to		Written Premium	Earned Premium
		Written	Current		at Current	at Current
Year		Premium	Rate Level		Rate Level	Rate Level
	(1)	(2)	(3)		(4)	(5)
1992		7,048,820		2.810	19,807,184	19,807,184
1993		9,185,541		2.810	25,811,370	22,809,277
1994		10,672,677		2.810	29,990,222	27,900,796
1995		12,865,905		2.810	36,153,193	33,071,708
1996		15,640,660		2.810	43,950,255	40,051,724
1997		16,536,186		2.810	46,466,683	45,208,469
1998		16,558,977		2.897	47,971,356	47,219,020
1999		17,394,142		2.897	50,390,830	49,181,093
2000		17,332,561		2.658	46,069,947	48,230,389
2001		17,544,251		2.555	44,825,561	45,447,754
2002		24,013,525		2.434	58,448,920	51,637,241
2003		29,220,514		2.213	64,664,997	61,556,959
2004		31,009,323		2.012	62,390,758	63,527,878
2005		35,740,174		1.829	65,368,778	63,879,768
2006		76,847,840		1.697	130,410,784	97,889,781
2007		110,951,718		1.555	172,529,921	151,470,353
2008		98,037,185		1.482	145,291,108	158,910,515
2009		111,269,480		1.291	143,648,899	144,470,004
2010		102,171,553		1.276	130,370,902	137,009,901
2011		100,011,848		1.215	121,514,395	125,942,649
2012		110,524,395		1.158	127,987,249	124,750,822
2013		113,035,972		1.103	124,678,677	126,332,963
2014		104,676,711		1.050	109,910,547	117,294,612
Total		860,052,880			1,848,652,536	1,803,600,860

⁽²⁾ Provided by TWIA, 1992 reflects adjustment for rate change applied to in-force policies

⁽³⁾ Exhibit 10, Sheet 2

^{(4) = (2) * (3) (}calculated on a monthly basis)

⁽⁵⁾ Calculated from (4), using annual uniform earning assumption for 2000 and prior and monthly for 2001 and after

Calculation of On-Level Premium Factors

	Rate Level in		,		Cumulati	ve Rate	l evel		# Months				Average Rate	Factor to Current
Year	B.O.Y.	laics		E.O.Y.	B.O.Y.	ve itale	LCVCI		B.O.Y.			E.O.Y.		Rate Level
(1)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
4000	D. San			0/4/4000	4 000			4 475	7.0				4 070	4.000
1980	Prior			8/1/1980	1.000			1.175	7.0			5.0		
1981	8/1/1980			9/1/1981	1.175			1.132	8.0			4.0		
1982 1983	9/1/1981 9/1/1982			9/1/1982 10/10/1983	1.132 1.428			1.428 1.514	8.0 9.3			4.0 2.7		3.666 3.119
1984	10/10/1983			10/10/1983	1.514			1.514	9.3 12.0			0.0		
1985	10/10/1983	3/1/1985	3/15/1985	11/15/1985	1.514	1.892	2.428		2.0	0.5	8.0	1.5		
1986	11/15/1985	3/1/1903	3/13/1903	11/15/1985	2.651	1.092	2. 4 20	2.651	12.0	0.5	6.0	0.0		
1987	11/15/1985			7/1/1987	2.651			2.407	6.0			6.0		
1988	7/1/1987			11/1/1988	2.407			2.407	10.0			2.0		
1989	11/1/1988			11/1/1988	2.407			2.075	12.0			0.0		
1990	11/1/1988			3/1/1990	2.075			2.104	2.0			10.0		
1991	3/1/1990			4/1/1991	2.104			2.083	3.0			9.0		
1992	1/1/1992			1/1/1992	1.606			1.606	12.0			0.0		
1993	1/1/1992			10/1/1993	1.606			1.606	9.0			3.0		
1994	10/1/1993			10/1/1993	1.606			1.606	12.0			0.0		
1995	10/1/1993			10/1/1993	1.606			1.606	12.0			0.0		
1996	10/1/1993			10/1/1993	1.606			1.606	12.0			0.0		
1997	10/1/1993			10/1/1993	1.606			1.606	12.0			0.0		
1998	1/1/1998			1/1/1998	1.558			1.558	12.0			0.0		
1999	1/1/1998			1/1/1998	1.558			1.558	12.0			0.0	1.558	2.897
2000	1/1/2000			1/1/2000	1.698			1.698	12.0			0.0	1.698	2.658
2001	1/1/2001			1/1/2001	1.766			1.766	12.0			0.0	1.766	2.555
2002	1/1/2002			1/1/2002	1.854			1.854	12.0			0.0	1.854	2.434
2003	1/1/2003			1/1/2003	2.039			2.039	12.0			0.0	2.039	2.213
2004	1/1/2004			1/1/2004	2.243			2.243	12.0			0.0	2.243	2.012
2005	1/1/2005			1/1/2005	2.468			2.468	12.0			0.0	2.468	1.829
2006	1/1/2006			9/1/2006	2.591			2.798	8.0			4.0	2.660	1.697
2007	1/1/2007			1/1/2007	2.902			2.902	12.0			0.0	2.902	1.555
2008	1/1/2007			2/1/2008	2.902			3.059	1.0			11.0	3.046	1.482
2009	2/1/2008			2/1/2009	3.059			3.536	1.0			11.0		
2010	2/1/2009			2/1/2009	3.536			3.536	12.0			0.0	3.536	1.276
2011	1/1/2011			1/1/2011	3.713			3.713	12.0			0.0		
2012	1/1/2012			1/1/2012	3.898			3.898	12.0			0.0		
2013	1/1/2013			1/1/2013	4.093			4.093	12.0			0.0		
2014	1/1/2014			1/1/2014	4.298			4.298	12.0			0.0		
2015	1/1/2015			1/1/2016	4.513			4.513	12.0			0.0	4.513	1.000
Current				1/1/2015				4.513	,		-		4.513	1.000

Notes:

For each year except 1985, 2006, and 2008 the B.O.Y. and E.O.Y. rates are the only rates applicable

^{(1) - (4)} Rates in effect and beginning and end of year (B.O.Y. and E.O.Y.)

For 1985, there were two additional rate changes

For 2006, there was one additional rate change

For 2008, the rate change took effect mid-year

^{(5) - (8)} Based on Exhibit 10, Sheet 3

^{(9) - (12)} Number of months that each of the rates were effective

^{(13) =} Weighted average of (5) - (8) using (9) - (12) as weights

^{(14) =} Current (13) / (13)

History of Rate Level Changes

Effective		Rate	Cumulative	
Date		Change	Rate Level	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	
Prior				1.000
8/1/80		17.5%		1.175
9/1/81		-3.7%		1.132
9/1/82		26.2%		1.428
10/10/83		6.0%		1.514
3/1/85		25.0%		1.892
3/15/85		28.3%		2.428
11/15/85		9.2%		2.651
7/1/87		-9.2%		2.407
11/1/88		-13.8%		2.075
3/1/90		1.4%		2.104
4/1/91		-1.0%		2.083
1/1/92		-22.9%		1.606
10/1/93		0.0%		1.606
1/1/98		-3.0%		1.558
1/1/00		9.0%		1.698
1/1/01		4.0%		1.766
1/1/02		5.0%		1.854
1/1/03		10.0%		2.039
1/1/04		10.0%		2.243
1/1/05		10.0%		2.468
1/1/06		5.0%		2.591
9/1/06		8.0%		2.798
1/1/07		3.7%		2.902
2/1/08		5.4%		3.059
2/1/09		15.6%		3.536
1/1/11		5.0%		3.713
1/1/12		5.0%		3.898
1/1/13		5.0%		4.093
1/1/14		5.0%		4.298
1/1/15		5.0%		4.513

⁽²⁾ Provided by TWIA, excludes 1/1/92 refund on in-force policies (3) = Cumulation of (2)

Ехре	ense Category	2012	2013	2014	Selected
(4)	Discot Welling December	6440 470 704	#470 700 474	#404 000 040	
(1) (2)	Direct Written Premium Direct Earned Premium	429,594,000	456,629,705	\$494,036,010 484,048,868	
(3)	Commission				
	\$ Amount % of DWP	70,927,902 16.0%	75,609,038 16.0%	79,013,534 16.0%	16.0%
(4)	Other Acquisition				
	\$ Amount % of DWP	\$0 0.0%	\$0 0.0%	\$0 0.0%	0.0%
(5)	General Expense				
	Unadjusted \$ Amount	\$22,245,448	\$24,108,302	\$26,497,842	
	Adjustments Contribution to Statutory Fund	0	0	0	
	Adjusted \$ Amount	22,245,448	24,108,302		
	% of DWP	5.0%	5.1%	5.4%	5.2%
(6)	Taxes, Licenses & Fees \$ Amount	\$8,635,152	\$9,329,687	\$9,640,039	
	% of DWP	1.9%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%
(7)	Reinsurance Expense				16.3%
(8)	Total Fixed Expenses				21.5%
(9)	Total Variable Expenses				18.0%
(10)	CRTF Contribution				4.6%
	Class 1 Public Security Repayment Total Funding Contribution				15.4% 20.0%
(11)	Variable Permissible Loss & LAE Ratio				62.0%

^{(1) - (6)} From TWIA's Statutory Annual Statements and Insurance Expense Exhibits

⁽⁷⁾ Exhibit 11, Sheet 2

^{(8) = (5) + (7)}

^{(9) = (3) + (4) + (6)}

⁽¹⁰⁾ CRTF contribution selected judgmentally; Class 1 repayment based on projected \$80 million in debt service (11) = 100% - (9) - (10)

Development of Reinsurer Expense Using Average of AIR and RMS Hurricane Models

(1)	2015 - 2016 Reinsurance Premium	123,353,983
(2a)	Average Annual Loss by Reinsurance Layer (AIR) 100% of \$2280M XS \$2600M	36,988,580
	Total	36,988,580
(2b)	Average Annual Loss by Reinsurance Layer (RMS)	
	100% of \$2280M XS \$2600M	33,743,834
	Total	33,743,834
(2c)	Selected Total Average Annual Loss	35,366,207
(3)	Annual Exposure Growth	1.5%
(4)	Prospective Average Annual Loss	35,896,700
(5)	Net Cost of Reinsurance	87,457,283
(6)	TWIA 2014 Earned Premium at Present Rates	526,691,643
(7)	2015 - 2016 TWIA Prospective Earned Premium at Present Rates	535,705,310
(8)	Indicated Reinsurance Expense %	16.3%

- (1) From TWIA reinsurance contract effective 6/1/2015 through 5/31/2016
- (2a) Provided by Guy Carpenter, based on AIR model using TWIA exposures as of 12/15/2014 and adjusted for ALAE
- (2b) Provided by Guy Carpenter, based on RMS model using TWIA exposures as of 12/15/2014 and adjusted for ALAE
- (2c) Selected equal to the average of the modeled average annual losses
- (3) Selected based on projections communicated to reinsurers
- $(4) = Sum of (2a) * [(3) ^ 1.000]$
- (5) = (1) (4)
- (6) = Commercial Exhibit 10, Sheet 1 + Residential Exhibit 10, Sheet 2, calendar year ending 12/31/xx
- (7) = (6) adjusted for premium trend * [(3) $^{\land}$ 1.417] (projected premium growth from 7/1/2014 to 12/1/2015)
- (8) = (5) / (7)

Reconciliation of Paid Loss Data to Schedule P

Accident	TWIA Provided Pa	aid Loss		Schedule P Direct & Assumed	1
Year	& Farm	Residential	Total	Paid Loss	Difference
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
2005	71,174,473	83,698,540	154,873,013	154,859,000	14,013
2006	1,517,386	2,758,503	4,275,889	4,276,000	(111)
2007	5,610,638	10,190,834	15,801,472	15,745,000	56,472
2008	852,278,421	1,707,179,832	2,559,458,253	2,557,453,000	2,005,253
2009	2,553,456	8,434,275	10,987,731	10,358,000	629,731
2010	7,280,462	10,840,567	18,121,029	18,115,000	6,029
2011	18,758,152	76,458,090	95,216,242	95,107,000	109,242
2012	13,134,975	51,939,644	65,074,619	65,042,000	32,619
2013	7,242,873	63,246,830	70,489,703	70,447,000	42,703
2014	640,841	3,822,278	4,463,119	4,464,000	(881)
Total	980,191,677	2,018,569,393	2,998,761,070	2,995,866,000	2,895,070

^{(2), (3)} Provided by TWIA, as of 12/31/2013

^{(4) = (2) + (3)} (5) Based on TWIA 2014 Annual Statement

^{(6) = (4) - (5)}

Reconciliation of Premium Data to Annual Statement

Calendar	TWIA Provided W	ritten Premium	Annual Statement Gross			
Year	Commercial	Residential	Total	Written Premium	Difference	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	
1992	6,107,171	5,357,578	11,464,749	11,495,409	(30,660)	
1993	9,185,541	10,130,170	19,315,711	19,376,959	(61,248)	
1994	10,672,677	15,758,330	26,431,007	26,510,501	(79,494)	
1995	12,865,905	19,259,265	32,125,170	32,419,287	(294,117)	
1996	15,640,660	24,504,127	40,144,787	40,358,575	(213,788)	
1997	16,536,186	25,783,455	42,319,641	42,462,844	(143,203)	
1998	16,558,977	27,833,800	44,392,777	44,410,914	(18,137)	
1999	17,394,142	27,168,992	44,563,134	44,581,218	(18,084)	
2000	17,332,561	29,762,296	47,094,857	48,012,426	(917,569)	
2001	17,544,251	36,220,623	53,764,874	54,630,727	(865,853)	
2002	24,013,525	48,856,422	72,869,947	72,967,831	(97,884)	
2003	29,220,514	58,573,191	87,793,705	87,987,279	(193,574)	
2004	31,009,323	71,292,702	102,302,025	102,384,351	(82,326)	
2005	35,740,174	78,094,458	113,834,632	113,927,701	(93,069)	
2006	76,847,840	119,658,576	196,506,416	196,833,235	(326,819)	
2007	110,951,718	203,561,196	314,512,914	315,139,307	(626,393)	
2008	98,037,185	232,921,259	330,958,444	331,057,645	(99,201)	
2009	111,269,480	269,535,987	380,805,467	382,342,402	(1,536,935)	
2010	102,171,553	278,117,003	380,288,556	385,549,582	(5,261,026)	
2011	100,011,848	307,490,101	407,501,949	403,748,164	3,753,785	
2012	110,524,395	335,793,285	446,317,679	443,479,701	2,837,978	
2013	113,035,972	360,877,590	473,913,562	472,739,474	1,174,088	
2014	104,676,711	389,395,862	494,072,573	494,036,010	36,563	
Total	1,187,348,309	2,975,946,267	4,163,294,576	4,166,451,542	-3,156,966	

^{(2), (3)} Provided by TWIA, as of 12/31/2014

^{(4) = (2) + (3)} (5) Based on TWIA Annual Statements

^{(6) = (4) - (5)}

Texas Windstorm Insurance Association Commercial Property - Wind & Hail Rate Level Review Current and Proposed Rates Rate Tables A and C

		Rate Table	<u>A</u>		Rate Table	<u>C</u>	
Table	Coinsurance	Current	Proposed	Change	Current	Proposed	Change
	500/					•	
4	50%	4 004	4 700	4.0070/	4 200	4 205	F 0000/
1 [80%	1.621	1.702	4.997%	1.300	1.365	5.000%
Frame (F)	100%	1.606	1.686	4.981%	1.282	1.346	4.992%
n	50%	1 601	 1 775	4.0670/	 1 270		4.0250/
2 Driek (M)	80%	1.691	1.775	4.967%	1.378	1.446	4.935%
Brick (M)	100% 50%	1.306	1.371	4.977%	1.050	1.102	4.952%
3	80%	1.378	 1.446	4.935%	1.100	 1.155	5.000%
3	100%	1.166	1.440	4.974%	0.908	0.953	4.956%
	50%	2.006	2.106	4.985%			4.930 /6
	80%	1.242	1.304	4.992%	0.985	1.034	4.975%
(HC)	100%	1.186	1.245	4.975%	0.933	1.020	4.938%
110)	50%	0.801	0.841	4.994%			4.00070
4	80%	0.502	0.527	4.980%	0.394	0.413	4.822%
· (WR)	100%	0.469	0.492	4.904%	0.387	0.406	4.910%
, vvi ()	50%	0.999	1.048	4.905%			4.01070
	80%	0.612	0.642	4.902%	0.492	0.516	4.878%
(SWR)	100%	0.592	0.621	4.899%	0.478	0.501	4.812%
(311.4)	50%			1.00070			1.01270
5	80%	1.158	1.215	4.922%	0.573	0.601	4.887%
3 Brick	100%						1.007 70
	50%						
5A	80%	1.391	1.460	4.960%	0.698	0.732	4.871%
-rame	100%						
	50%						
5B	80%	1.158	1.215	4.922%	0.573	0.601	4.887%
Brick Veneer	100%		 ,				
	50%						
7	80%	3.942	4.139	4.997%	3.135	3.291	4.976%
	100%	3.389	3.558	4.987%	2.704	2.839	4.993%
	50%						
3	80%	4.699	4.933	4.980%	3.763	3.951	4.996%
	100%	3.942	4.139	4.997%	3.153	3.310	4.979%
	50%						
9	80%	5.626	5.907	4.995%	4.502	4.727	4.998%
	100%	4.611	4.841	4.988%	3.694	3.878	4.981%
	50%						
10	80%	6.752	7.089	4.991%	5.404	5.674	4.996%
	100%	5.626	5.907	4.995%	4.502	4.727	4.998%
	50%						
11	80%	8.764	9.202	4.998%	7.028	7.379	4.994%
	100%	7.418	7.788	4.988%	5.928	6.224	4.993%
	50%						
2	80%	12.868	13.511	4.997%	10.277	10.790	4.992%
	100%	10.821	11.362	5.000%	8.658	9.090	4.990%
	50%						
13	80%	17.539	18.415	4.995%	14.033	14.734	4.995%
	100%	14.770	15.508	4.997%	11.820	12.411	5.000%
	50%						
14	80%	34.804	36.544	4.999%	27.849	29.241	4.998%
	100%	29.222	30.683	5.000%	23.373	24.541	4.997%

Current and Proposed Rates Rate Table B

		Rate Table E	3	
Table	Coinsurance	Current	Proposed	Change
	50%			
1	80%	0.962	1.010	4.990%
Frame (F)	100%	0.952	0.999	4.937%
	50%			
2	80%	1.012	1.062	4.941%
Brick (M)	100%	0.769	0.807	4.941%
	50%			
3	80%	0.815	0.855	4.908%
	100%	0.681	0.715	4.993%
	50%	1.186	1.245	4.975%
	80%	0.744	0.781	4.973%
(HC)	100%	0.708	0.743	4.944%
	50%	0.469	0.492	4.904%
4	80%	0.294	0.308	4.762%
(WR)	100%	0.284	0.298	4.930%
	50%	0.592	0.621	4.899%
	80%	0.372	0.390	4.839%
(SWR)	100%	0.359	0.376	4.735%

Current and Proposed Rates Miscellaneous Farm Property and Barns and Outbuildings

Territorial Multipliers for Miscellaneous Farm Property								
Table	-	Territory 1 Current	Proposed	Change	<u>Territories 8,</u> Current	<u>9, 10</u> Proposed	Change	
				<u> </u>				
15	80%	3.357	3.524	4.975%	3.712	3.897	4.984%	
21	80%	4.020	4.221	5.000%	4.441	4.663	4.999%	
22	80%	3.756	3.943	4.979%	4.140	4.347	5.000%	
23	80%	2.857	2.999	4.970%	3.159	3.316	4.970%	
24	80%	2.858	3.000	4.969%	3.159	3.316	4.970%	

Territorial Multipliers for Barns and Outbuildings

	Territory 1	_		Territories 8, 9, 10		
Construction	Current	Proposed	Change	Current	Proposed	Change
Frame	5.523	5.799	4.997%	6.096	6.400	4.987%
Brick Veneer	5.666	5.949	4.995%	6.262	6.575	4.998%
Brick	4.736	4.972	4.983%	5.233	5.494	4.988%

Modified EC Rates are calculated by multiplying promulgated base rates by a 130% flex factor and the appropriate territorial multiplier All interim calculations are rounded down where applicable