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**RESOURCES**

The DWC also offers several driving safety free safety publications online at [http://www.tdi.texas.gov/wc/safety/videoresources/index.html](http://www.tdi.texas.gov/wc/safety/videoresources/index.html), including:

- Farm Safety Audit Checklist,
- Agricultural Hand Signals Safety Training Program,
- Agricultural Machinery Safety,
- Agriculture and Child Safety Safety Training Program,
- Farm Equipment Hazards Safety Training Program, Farm/Ranch Animal Safety,
- Farm/Ranch Safety Equipment – Fact Sheet, Farm/Ranch Shop Safety,
- Farm Safety Training Program, and
- Tractor Road Safety Training Program.

The TDI-DWC features a free occupational safety and health audiovisual loan library. Call 512-804-4620 for more information or visit the agency website at [http://www.tdi.texas.gov/wc/safety/videoresources/avcatalog.html](http://www.tdi.texas.gov/wc/safety/videoresources/avcatalog.html).

This training program was published with the information from the National Safety Council, and the Division of Workers’ Compensation (DWC) and is considered accurate at the time of publication.

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Division of Workers’ Compensation  
Resource Center • 512-804-4620 • [resourcecenter@tdi.texas.gov](mailto:resourcecenter@tdi.texas.gov)  
Safety Violations Hotline • 1-800-452-9595 • [safetyhotline@tdi.texas.gov](mailto:safetyhotline@tdi.texas.gov)
SECURELY FASTEN YOUR SEAT BELT IF THE TRACTOR HAS ROPS

Don’t rely on the tractor’s Rollover Protection System (ROPS) alone for your protection; use your seat belt. Studies show that tractor drivers can still be thrown from an upset tractor and be seriously injured or crushed. The seat belt will help keep you inside the ROPS in the event of a rollover.

REDUCE SPEED WHEN TURNING

When operating a tractor, avoid sharp turns and high speeds. High speeds, coupled with rough ground and narrow wheel settings, increase the chance for a rollover. Make turns slowly and at wide angles.

AVOID OPERATING TRACTORS NEAR DITCHES, EMBANKMENTS AND HOLES

Keep tractors and implements away from irrigation ditches and embankment edges to avoid tractor upsets. Edges may be weak and break from the weight of the equipment. When you are traveling downhill, use low gears. When you must go up a slope, back up to increase your stability. Approaching a steep slope in the forward position will cause the tractor to upset and possibly injure or kill you. Look ahead at your path. Keep your eyes open for large holes, rocks, or any slopes, and avoid them.
IF YOU GET STUCK, GET HELP FROM ANOTHER TRACTOR

If you get stuck, do not tie a fence post or any other object to the tire for traction; it may tip the tractor over as it tries to overcome the hump, or the post may be thrown up behind the tractor, hitting the driver. The best solution is to have another tractor pull you out.

DO NOT PERMIT OTHERS TO RIDE

Many unnecessary injuries occur because riders fall unintentionally from the tractor. An unexpected jolt or stop can cause a rider to lose balance and fall beneath the trailing equipment or tractor tires. Unless a seat is specifically designed for an additional person, never permit anyone to ride.

HITCH ONLY TO THE DRAWBAR AND HITCH POINTS

Tractors are designed to tow loads from the rear hitch only. Never hitch a load to the axle or seat as this will cause the tractor to upset backwards. Always match your load to the tractor. Tractors that are too small for the load will have problems stopping once the load has begun to move. If the tractor needs extra weight for balance, add front weights as necessary. Balance the weight of the load on the trailing implement in order to minimize the stress at the hitch point.
NEVER ENGAGE IN STUNT DRIVING OR HORSEPLAY

Tractors are not designed for high speeds or for quick maneuvers. Due to the location of the tractor's center of gravity, the tractor can very easily tip to the side if not handled properly. Horseplay and stunts are unsafe acts that promote injuries and death.

SET THE BRAKES SECURELY WHEN THE TRACTOR IS STOPPED

When you need to make adjustments to the tractor or to the trailing equipment, put the tractor into neutral, set the brakes, turn off the engine and remove the key. Be sure to disengage the Power Take-Off (PTO) before working on any trailing equipment. Always replace the PTO shield and other shields after your adjustments.

INSPECT YOUR TRACTOR REGULARLY

Since tractors can be taken on public roads as well as in the field, it is important that tail lights, signals and safety chains are maintained in good condition. Inspect the brake fluid and engine fluid, and notify your supervisor if any adjustments/repairs need to be made. Make sure your tractor has a Slow Moving Vehicle (SMV) emblem at the rear, if it is to be driven on public roads.
USE SPECIAL CAUTION WITH ARTICULATED-FRAME TRACTORS

Because articulated-frame tractors bend in the middle, it is especially important that you exercise caution when others are nearby. Before starting articulated-frame tractors, make sure bystanders are not nearby. Understand that steering is more difficult with these tractors and any load being pulled will swing wider side-to-side, so drive slowly. When making turns, stop first and then begin your turn slowly.

USE COMMON SENSE WHEN OPERATING TRACTORS

To prevent unnecessary injuries, don’t jump from the tractor, but use the hand railing and steps provided. Use safety hand signals to maintain communication with co-workers. Ask your supervisor for a copy of the hand signals used by your company.