



TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE

Division of Workers' Compensation - Medical Fee Dispute Resolution (MS-48)
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MEDICAL FEE DISPUTE RESOLUTION FINDINGS AND DECISION

GENERAL INFORMATION

Requestor Name

Memorial Compounding Pharmacy

Respondent Name

Sentry Insurance A Mutual Company

MFDR Tracking Number

M4-18-2077-01

Carrier's Austin Representative

Box Number 19

MFDR Date Received

February 16, 2018

REQUESTOR'S POSITION SUMMARY

Requestor's Position Summary: "These medications do not require preauthorization therefore do not need a retrospective review."

Amount in Dispute: \$702.68

RESPONDENT'S POSITION SUMMARY

Respondent's Position Summary: "The requestor did not request and receive preauthorization for this investigational or experimental compound formulation."

Response Submitted by: Flahive, Ogden & Latson

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

Table with 4 columns: Dates of Service, Disputed Services, Amount In Dispute, Amount Due. Row 1: July 24, 2017, Pharmaceutical Compound, \$702.68, \$702.68

FINDINGS AND DECISION

This medical fee dispute is decided pursuant to Texas Labor Code §413.031 and applicable rules of the Texas Department of Insurance, Division of Workers' Compensation.

Background

- 1. 28 Texas Administrative Code §133.305 sets out the procedures for resolving medical disputes.
2. 28 Texas Administrative Code §133.307 sets out the procedures for resolving medical fee disputes.
3. 28 Texas Administrative Code §133.240 sets out the procedures for payment or denial of a medical bill.
4. 28 Texas Administrative Code §134.502 sets out the procedures for pharmaceutical benefits.
5. 28 Texas Administrative Code §134.503 sets out the fee guidelines for pharmaceutical services.
6. 28 Texas Administrative Code §134.530 sets out the closed formulary requirements for claims not subject to certified networks.
7. 28 Texas Administrative Code, Chapter 19 sets out the requirements for utilization review.

8. The insurance carrier denied payment based on the following adjustment reason codes:
  - 50 – These are non-covered services because this is not deemed a medical necessity by the payer.
  - 197 – Precertification/authorization/notification absent.

### **Issues**

1. Is this dispute subject to dismissal based on medical necessity?
2. Is the insurance carrier's reason for denial of payment supported?
3. Is Memorial Compounding Pharmacy (Memorial) entitled to reimbursement for the compound in question?

### **Findings**

1. Memorial is seeking reimbursement for a compound dispensed on July 24, 2017. The insurance carrier denied the compound in question based on medical necessity.

If a dispute regarding medical necessity exists, the medical necessity dispute must be resolved prior to a request for medical fee dispute resolution.<sup>1</sup> A medical necessity denial of a medical bill must be based on an adverse determination by a utilization review agent.<sup>2</sup>

The submitted documentation includes a report dated August 15, 2017, as support for retrospective review of the disputed compound. This report does not support that the insurance carrier performed a retrospective utilization review of the drug in question for the following reasons<sup>3</sup>:

- The document does not indicate or support that the health care provider – in this case, Memorial Compounding Pharmacy – was notified of the findings, or that Memorial was afforded a reasonable opportunity to discuss the billed compound,
- The document does not include a description for filing a complaint with the Texas Department of Insurance,
- The document does not include information describing the processes for filing an appeal,
- The document itself includes the statement, "In and of itself, this opinion does not constitute a recommendation for specific claims or administrative functions to be made or enforced."

For these reasons, the insurance carrier's denial is not sufficiently supported. This dispute is not subject to dismissal based on medical necessity.

2. The insurance carrier also denied the disputed compound based on preauthorization. Preauthorization is only required for:
  - drugs identified with a status of "N" in the current edition of the ODG Appendix A<sup>4</sup>;
  - any compound that contains a drug identified with a status of "N" in the current edition of the ODG Appendix A; and
  - any investigational or experimental drug.<sup>5</sup>

The compound in question does not contain an ingredient identified with a status of "N" in the current edition of the ODG, Appendix A.

Flahive, Ogden & Latson, on behalf of the insurance carrier, argued that "Compound medications constitute a new, non-approved and non-recognized drug and is considered investigational/experimental."

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<sup>1</sup> 28 Texas Administrative Code §133.305(b)

<sup>2</sup> 28 Texas Administrative Code §133.240(q), 28 Texas Administrative Codes §§19.2009 and 19.2010

<sup>3</sup> 28 Texas Administrative Code §19.2009(b)

<sup>4</sup> *ODG Treatment in Workers' Comp* (ODG) / Appendix A, *ODG Workers' Compensation Drug Formulary*

<sup>5</sup> 28 Texas Administrative Code §134.540(b)

The determination of a service’s investigational or experimental nature is determined on a case by case basis through utilization review.<sup>6</sup> Utilization review, includes a prospective, concurrent, or **retrospective review to determine the experimental or investigational nature** of health care services.<sup>7</sup>

Flahive, Ogden & Latson provided **no evidence** that the insurance carrier engaged in a prospective or retrospective utilization review to establish that the specific compound considered in this review is investigational or experimental.

Because the insurance carrier failed to perform utilization review on the disputed compound, the requirement for preauthorization based on a premise that the compound is investigational or experimental **is not triggered** in this case. The insurance carrier’s preauthorization denial is therefore not supported.

3. Because the insurance carrier failed to sufficiently support its denial of reimbursement, Memorial is entitled to reimbursement.

The compound in dispute was billed by listing each **drug** included in the compound and calculating the charge for each drug separately.<sup>8</sup> Each ingredient is listed below with its reimbursement amount.<sup>9</sup> The calculation of the total allowable amount is as follows:

Drug	NDC	Generic(G) /Brand(B)	Price /Unit	Units Billed	AWP Formula	Billed Amt	Lesser of AWP and Billed
Baclofen	38779038809	G	\$35.63	5.4	\$240.50	\$190.78	\$190.78
Amantadine	38779041105	G	\$24.23	3	\$90.84	\$72.69	\$72.69
Gabapentin	38779246109	G	\$59.85	3.6	\$269.33	\$204.66	\$204.66
Bupivacaine	38779052405	G	\$45.60	1.2	\$68.40	\$54.72	\$54.72
Amitriptyline	38779018904	G	\$18.24	1.8	\$41.04	\$32.83	\$32.83
Ethoxy Diglycol	38779190301	G	\$0.34	4.2	\$1.80	\$1.44	\$1.44
Versapro Cream	38779252903	B	\$3.20	40.8	\$142.31	\$130.56	\$130.56
Fee	NA	NA	NA	NA	\$15.00	\$15.00	\$15.00
						<b>Total</b>	<b>\$702.68</b>

The total reimbursement is therefore \$702.68. This amount is recommended.

**Conclusion**

For the reasons stated above, the Division finds that the requestor has established that additional reimbursement is due. As a result, the amount ordered is \$702.68.

***ORDER***

Based on the submitted information, pursuant to Texas Labor Code Section 413.031 and 413.019 (if applicable), the division has determined the requestor is entitled to additional reimbursement for the disputed services. The division hereby ORDERS the respondent to remit to the requestor \$702.68, plus applicable accrued interest per 28 Texas Administrative Code §134.130, due within 30 days of receipt of this order.

**Authorized Signature**

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature

\_\_\_\_\_  
Laurie Garnes  
Medical Fee Dispute Resolution Officer

\_\_\_\_\_  
October 24, 2018  
Date

<sup>6</sup> Texas Insurance Code §19.2005(b)

<sup>7</sup> Texas Insurance Code §4201.002(13)

<sup>8</sup> 28 Texas Administrative Code §134.502(d)(2)

<sup>9</sup> 28 Texas Administrative Code §134.503(c)

### ***YOUR RIGHT TO APPEAL***

Either party to this medical fee dispute has a right to seek review of this decision in accordance with Rule §133.307, effective May 31, 2012, *37 Texas Register 3833*, **applicable to disputes filed on or after June 1, 2012.**

A party seeking review must submit a **Request to Schedule a Benefit Review Conference to Appeal a Medical Fee Dispute Decision** (form **DWC045M**) in accordance with the instructions on the form. The request must be received by the division within **twenty** days of your receipt of this decision. The request may be faxed, mailed or personally delivered to the division using the contact information listed on the form or to the field office handling the claim.

The party seeking review of the MFDR decision shall deliver a copy of the request to all other parties involved in the dispute at the same time the request is filed. **Please include a copy of the *Medical Fee Dispute Resolution Findings and Decision*** together with any other required information specified in 28 Texas Administrative Code §141.1(d).

**Si prefiere hablar con una persona en español acerca de ésta correspondencia, favor de llamar a 512-804-4812.**