



Texas Department of Insurance

Division of Workers' Compensation

Medical Fee Dispute Resolution, MS-48
7551 Metro Center Drive, Suite 100 • Austin, Texas 78744-1645
512-804-4000 telephone • 512-804-4811 fax • www.tdi.texas.gov

MEDICAL FEE DISPUTE RESOLUTION FINDINGS AND DECISION

GENERAL INFORMATION

Requestor Name

FONDREN OTHROPEDIC GROUP, LLP

Respondent Name

NEW HAMPSHIRE INSURANCE CO

MFDR Tracking Number

M4-14-3715-01

Carrier's Austin Representative

Box Number 19

MFDR Date Received

AUGUST 22, 2014

REQUESTOR'S POSITION SUMMARY

Requestor's Position Summary: "The physician has noted in the operative report that the modifier 22 was used for the difficulty of the procedure because of difficulty visualizing due to patient's body habitus hence arthroscope was utilized for open reduction of the fracture hence above and beyond normal procedure."

Amount in Dispute: \$903.96

RESPONDENT'S POSITION SUMMARY

Respondent's Position Summary: "Please see the EOBs...Subject to further review, the carrier asserts that it has paid according to applicable fee guidelines and challenges whether the disputed charges are consistent with applicable fee guidelines."

Response Submitted by: Flahive, Ogden & Latson

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

Dates of Service	Disputed Services	Amount In Dispute	Amount Due
April 29, 2014	CPT Code 23585-22	\$903.96	\$0.00

FINDINGS AND DECISION

This medical fee dispute is decided pursuant to Texas Labor Code §413.031 and all applicable, adopted rules of the Texas Department of Insurance, Division of Workers' Compensation.

Background

- 28 Texas Administrative Code §133.307, effective May 25, 2008, 33 *Texas Register* 3954, sets out the procedures for resolving a medical fee dispute.
- 28 Texas Administrative Code §134.203 set out the fee guidelines for the reimbursement of workers' compensation professional medical services provided on or after March 1, 2008.
- 28 Texas Administrative Code §134.1, effective March 1, 2008, 33 *Texas Register* 626, provides for fair and reasonable reimbursement of health care in the absence of an applicable fee guideline.
- Texas Labor Code §413.011 sets forth provisions regarding reimbursement policies and guidelines.
- The services in dispute were reduced/denied by the respondent with the following reason codes:
 - 197-No code description given.
 - W1, 59-Reimbursement is based on the applicable reimbursement fee schedule.

- 199-Service exceeds agreed utilization.
- 254-Value increased due to unusual circ.
- 013M-Charge cascaded according to multiple surg guidelines (Mod 51).
- W3-No code description given.
- 947-R03-Upheld-No additional allowance has been recommended.
- CVTY-The charges have been priced in accordance to a Coventry owned contract.

Issues

1. Did the requestor support billing modifier 22?
2. Is the requestor entitled to additional reimbursement?

Findings

1. 28 Texas Administrative Code §134.203(a)(5) states “Medicare payment policies” when used in this section, shall mean reimbursement methodologies, models, and values or weights including its coding, billing, and reporting payment policies as set forth in the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) payment policies specific to Medicare.”

On the disputed date of service the requestor billed CPT codes 29807-LT and 23585-22-LT.

- CPT code 29807 is defined as “Arthroscopy, shoulder, surgical; repair of SLAP lesion.”
- CPT code 23585 is defined as “Open treatment of scapular fracture (body, glenoid or acromion) includes internal fixation, when performed.”

The requestor appended modifiers “LT-left side” and “22-Increased Procedural Services” defined as “When the work required to provide a service is substantially greater than typically required, it may be identified by adding modifier 22 to the usual procedure code. Documentation must support the substantial additional work and the reason for the additional work (ie, increased intensity, time, technical difficulty of procedure, severity of patient's condition, physical and mental effort required)” to code 23585.

The requestor states that “The physician has noted in the operative report that the modifier 22 was used for the difficulty of the procedure because of difficulty visualizing due to patient’s body habitus hence arthroscope was utilized for open reduction of the fracture hence above and beyond normal procedure.” The respondent did not submit any documentation to refute the requestor’s assertion. The Division finds that the requestor supported the use of modifier 22.

2. Per 28 Texas Administrative Code §134.203(c)(1)(2), “To determine the MAR for professional services, system participants shall apply the Medicare payment policies with minimal modifications.
(1) For service categories of Evaluation & Management, General Medicine, Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation, Radiology, Pathology, Anesthesia, and Surgery when performed in an office setting, the established conversion factor to be applied is \$52.83. For Surgery when performed in a facility setting, the established conversion factor to be applied is \$66.32.

(2) The conversion factors listed in paragraph (1) of this subsection shall be the conversion factors for calendar year 2008. Subsequent year's conversion factors shall be determined by applying the annual percentage adjustment of the Medicare Economic Index (MEI) to the previous year's conversion factors, and shall be effective January 1st of the new calendar year. The following hypothetical example illustrates this annual adjustment activity if the Division had been using this MEI annual percentage adjustment: The 2006 Division conversion factor of \$50.83 (with the exception of surgery) would have been multiplied by the 2007 MEI annual percentage increase of 2.1 percent, resulting in the \$51.90 (with the exception of surgery) Division conversion factor in 2007.”

To determine the MAR the following formula is used: (DWC Conversion Factor/Medicare Conversion Factor) X Participating Amount = Maximum Allowable Reimbursement (MAR).

Place of Service is 22-Outpatient Hospital.

The 2014 DWC conversion factor for this service is 69.98.

The Medicare Conversion Factor is 35.8228

Review of Box 32 on the CMS-1500 the services were rendered in zip code 77030, which is located in Houston, Texas; therefore, the Medicare participating amount is based on locality “Houston Texas”.

Medicare Participating amount for code 23585 is \$1,006.36.

Using the above formula, the Division finds the following: MAR is \$1,965.93; however, it is subject to multiple

procedure discounting = \$982.96. The respondent paid \$982.97.

The requestor contends that an additional reimbursement of \$903.96 is due because of the increased services.

28 Texas Administrative Code §134.203(f) states "For products and services for which no relative value unit or payment has been assigned by Medicare, Texas Medicaid as set forth in §134.203(d) or §134.204(f) of this title, or the Division, reimbursement shall be provided in accordance with §134.1 of this title (relating to Medical Reimbursement)."

28 Texas Administrative Code §133.307(c)(2)(O), requires the requestor to provide "documentation that discusses, demonstrates, and justifies that the payment amount being sought is a fair and reasonable rate of reimbursement in accordance with §134.1 of this title (relating to Medical Reimbursement) or §134.503 of this title (relating to Pharmacy Fee Guideline) when the dispute involves health care for which the division has not established a maximum allowable reimbursement (MAR) or reimbursement rate, as applicable." Review of the submitted documentation finds that the requestor does not demonstrate or justify that the additional amount sought of \$903.96 for CPT code 23585-22 would be a fair and reasonable rate of reimbursement. As a result payment cannot be recommended

Conclusion

For the reasons stated above, the Division finds that the requestor has not established that additional reimbursement is due. As a result, the amount ordered is \$0.00.

ORDER

Based upon the documentation submitted by the parties and in accordance with the provisions of Texas Labor Code §413.031, the Division has determined that the requestor is entitled to \$0.00 reimbursement for the disputed services.

Authorized Signature

		03/27/2015
Signature	Medical Fee Dispute Resolution Officer	Date

YOUR RIGHT TO APPEAL

Either party to this medical fee dispute has a right to seek review of this decision in accordance with 28 Texas Administrative Code §133.307, effective May 31, 2012, *37 Texas Register 3833*, **applicable to disputes filed on or after June 1, 2012.**

A party seeking review must submit a **Request to Schedule a Benefit Review Conference to Appeal a Medical Fee Dispute Decision** (form **DWC045M**) in accordance with the instructions on the form. The request must be received by the Division within **twenty** days of your receipt of this decision. The request may be faxed, mailed or personally delivered to the Division using the contact information listed on the form or to the field office handling the claim.

The party seeking review of the MDR decision shall deliver a copy of the request to all other parties involved in the dispute at the same time the request is filed with the Division. **Please include a copy of the *Medical Fee Dispute Resolution Findings and Decision*** together with any other required information specified in 28 Texas Administrative Code §141.1(d).

Si prefiere hablar con una persona en español acerca de ésta correspondencia, favor de llamar a 512-804-4812.