## APPEAL NO. 011109 FILED JUNE 28, 2001

This appeal arises pursuant to the Texas Workers' Compensation Act, TEX. LAB
CODE ANN. § 401.001 et seq. (1989 Act). A contested case hearing was held on May 3
2001. The hearing officer determined that the injury sustained by the responden
(claimant) on, extends to and includes the left knee. The appellant (carrier
urges on appeal that there is insufficient evidence to support this determination. The
claimant urges affirmance.

## DECISION

Affirmed.

Conflicting evidence was presented at the hearing regarding the extent of injuries sustained by the claimant on the date of injury. Extent of injury is a question of fact. Texas Workers' Compensation Commission Appeal No. 93613, decided August 24, 1993. Section 410.165(a) provides that the contested case hearing officer, as finder of fact, is the sole judge of the relevance and materiality of the evidence as well as of the weight and credibility that is to be given the evidence. It was for the hearing officer, as trier of fact, to resolve the inconsistencies and conflicts in the evidence. Garza v. Commercial Insurance Company of Newark, New Jersey, 508 S.W.2d 701, 702 (Tex. Civ. App.-Amarillo 1974, no writ). The trier of fact may believe all, part, or none of the testimony of any witness. Taylor v. Lewis, 553 S.W.2d 153, 161 (Tex. Civ. App.-Amarillo 1977, writ ref'd n.r.e.); Aetna Insurance Co. v. English, 204 S.W.2d 850 (Tex. Civ. App.-Fort Worth 1947, no writ). An appeals-level body is not a fact finder and does not normally pass upon the credibility of witnesses or substitute its own judgment for that of the trier of fact, even if the evidence would support a different result. National Union Fire Insurance Company of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania v. Soto, 819 S.W.2d 619, 620 (Tex. App.-El Paso 1991, writ denied). When reviewing a hearing officer's decision for factual sufficiency of the evidence we should reverse such decision only if it is so contrary to the overwhelming weight of the evidence as to be clearly wrong and unjust. Cain v. Bain, 709 S.W.2d 175, 176 (Tex. 1986).

officer.	
	Gary L. Kilgore Appeals Judge
CONCUR:	
Elaine M. Chaney Appeals Judge	
Susan M. Kelley	
Appeals Judge	

In the present case, there is sufficient evidence in the record to support the hearing

officer's determination that the compensable injury sustained by the claimant extends to and includes the left knee. Accordingly, we affirm the decision and order of the hearing