

No. **2024-8623**

**Official Order  
of the  
Texas Commissioner of Workers' Compensation**

**Date: 4/25/2024**

**Subject Considered:**

Sompo America Insurance Company  
13146 Ballantyne Corporate Place, Suite 300  
Charlotte, North Carolina 28277-5041

Consent Order  
DWC Enforcement File No. 33746

**General remarks and official action taken:**

This is a consent order with Sompo America Insurance Company, (Respondent). The commissioner of the Texas Department of Insurance, Division of Workers' Compensation (DWC) considers whether DWC should take disciplinary action against Respondent.

**Waiver**

Respondent acknowledges that the Texas Labor Code and other applicable laws provide certain rights. Respondent waives all of these rights, and any other procedural rights that apply, in consideration of the entry of this consent order.

**Findings of Fact**

1. Respondent holds a certificate of authority issued by the Texas Department of Insurance to transact the business of insurance pursuant to Tex. Ins. Code §§ 801.051-801.053 and is licensed to write multiple lines of insurance in Texas, including workers' compensation/employers' liability insurance.
2. Respondent was classified as "average" tier in the 2022 and 2020 Performance Based Oversight (PBO) assessments. Respondent was not selected to be tiered in the 2018 PBO assessment.

Failure to Comply with a DWC Order

3. On [REDACTED], Respondent received Medical Fee Dispute Resolution (MFDR) Findings and Decision Order No. M4-24-0002-01.
4. This order required Respondent to pay \$ [REDACTED] plus accrued interest to a health care provider within 30 days of the receipt of the order, or by [REDACTED].
5. On [REDACTED], Respondent paid \$ [REDACTED] to the health care provider in compliance with the MFDR Order, which was 28 days late.

**Assessment of Sanction**

1. Failure to timely comply with DWC orders for payment of medical bills is not cost-effective and is harmful to injured employees and the Texas workers' compensation system.
2. In assessing the sanction for this case, DWC fully considered the following factors in Tex. Lab. Code § 415.021(c) and 28 Tex. Admin. Code § 180.26(e):
  - the seriousness of the violation, including the nature, circumstances, consequences, extent, and gravity of the prohibited act;
  - the history and extent of previous administrative violations;
  - the violator's demonstration of good faith, including actions it took to rectify the consequences of the prohibited act;
  - the penalty necessary to deter future violations;
  - whether the administrative violation had a negative impact on the delivery of benefits to an injured employee;
  - the history of compliance with electronic data interchange requirements;
  - to the extent reasonable, the economic benefit resulting from the prohibited act; and
  - other matters that justice may require, including, but not limited to:
    - PBO assessments;
    - prompt and earnest actions to prevent future violations;
    - self-report of the violation;
    - the size of the company or practice;
    - the effect of a sanction on the availability of health care; and
    - evidence of heightened awareness of the legal duty to comply with the Texas Workers' Compensation Act and DWC rules.

3. DWC found the following factors in Tex. Lab. Code § 415.021(c) and 28 Tex. Admin. Code § 180.26(e) to be aggravating: the seriousness of the violation, including the nature, circumstances, consequences, extent, and gravity of the prohibited act; whether the administrative violation had a negative impact on the delivery of benefits to an injured employee; the history and extent of previous administrative violations; evidence of heightened awareness of the legal duty to comply with the Act and DWC rules; the penalty necessary to deter future violations; and the history of compliance with electronic data interchange requirements.
4. DWC is aware of no mitigating factors pursuant to Tex. Lab. Code § 415.021(c) and 28 Tex. Admin. Code § 180.26(e).
5. Respondent acknowledges communicating with DWC about the relevant statute and rule violations alleged; that the facts establish that the administrative violation(s) occurred; and that the proposed sanction is appropriate, including the factors DWC considered under Tex. Lab. Code § 415.021(c) and 28 Tex. Admin. Code § 180.26(e).
6. Respondent acknowledges that, in assessing the sanction, DWC considered the factors in Tex. Lab. Code § 415.021(c) and 28 Tex. Admin. Code § 180.26(e).

### **Conclusions of Law**


1. The commissioner has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to Tex. Lab. Code §§ 402.001, 402.00114, 402.00116, 402.00128, 414.002, and 414.003.
2. The commissioner has the authority to dispose of this case informally pursuant to Tex. Gov't Code § 2001.056, Tex. Lab. Code §§ 401.021 and 402.00128(b)(6)-(7), and 28 Tex. Admin. Code § 180.26(h) and (i).
3. Respondent has knowingly and voluntarily waived all procedural rights to which it may have been entitled regarding the entry of this order, including, but not limited to, issuance and service of notice of intent to institute disciplinary action, notice of hearing, a public hearing, a proposal for decision, a rehearing by the commissioner, and judicial review.
4. Pursuant to Tex. Lab. Code § 415.021, the commissioner may assess an administrative penalty against a person who commits an administrative violation.

5. Pursuant to Tex. Lab. Code § 413.055, the commissioner may enter an interlocutory order for the payment of all or part of medical benefits. The order may address accrued benefits, future benefits, or both accrued benefits and future benefits.
6. Pursuant to Tex. Lab. Code § 415.002(a)(17), an insurance carrier or its representative commits an administrative violation if it fails to pay an order awarding benefits.
7. Pursuant to Tex. Lab. Code § 415.002(a)(22), an insurance carrier or its representative commits an administrative violation each time it fails to comply with a provision of the Texas Workers' Compensation Act.
8. Pursuant to Tex. Lab. Code §§ 415.0035(e) and 415.021(a), an insurance carrier commits an administrative violation if it violates, fails to comply with, or refuses to comply with a DWC order.
9. Respondent violated Tex. Lab. Code §§ 415.002(a)(17) and (22); 415.021(a); and 415.0035(e) by failing to comply with a MFDR order.

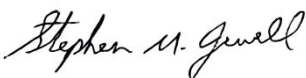
**Order**

It is ordered that Sampo America Insurance Company must pay an administrative penalty of \$1,000 within 30 days from the date the Commissioner signs the order.

After receiving an invoice, Sampo America Insurance Company must pay the administrative penalty by electronic transfer using the State Invoice Payment Service, company check, cashier's check, or money order and make it payable to the "State of Texas." Mail the administrative penalty to the Texas Department of Insurance, Attn: DWC Enforcement Section, MC AO-9999, PO Box 12030, Austin, Texas 78711-2030.

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Jeff Nelson  
Commissioner  
TDI, Division of Workers' Compensation

Approved Form and Content:

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Stephen Jewell  
Staff Attorney, Enforcement  
Compliance and Investigations  
Division of Workers' Compensation

**Unsworn Declaration**

**STATE OF** North Carolina §  
§  
**COUNTY OF** Mecklenburg §

Pursuant to the Tex. Civ. Prac. and Rem. Code § 132.001(a), (b), and (d), my name is Carey Armistead. I hold the position of VP Work Comp Claims and am the authorized representative of Sompo America Insurance Company. My business address is:

13146 Ballantyne Corp Place Ste 300 Charlotte Mecklenburg NC 28277  
(Street) (City) (County) (State) (ZIP Code)

I am executing this declaration as part of my assigned duties and responsibilities. I declare under penalty of perjury that the facts stated in this document are true and correct.

  
Declarant

Executed on April 10, 2024.