

No. 2021-6795

**Official Order  
of the  
Texas Commissioner of Workers' Compensation**

**Date:** 04-15-2021

**Subject Considered:**

Old Republic General Insurance Corporation  
307 North Michigan Avenue  
Chicago, Illinois 60601-5382

Consent Order  
DWC Enforcement File No. 25862

**General remarks and official action taken:**

This is a consent order with Old Republic General Insurance Corporation (Old Republic). The commissioner of the Texas Department of Insurance, Division of Workers' Compensation (DWC) considers whether DWC should take disciplinary action against Old Republic.

**Waiver**

Old Republic acknowledges that the Texas Labor Code and other applicable laws provide certain rights. Old Republic waives all of these rights, and any other procedural rights that apply, in consideration of the entry of this consent order.

**Findings of Fact**

1. Old Republic holds a certificate of authority issued by the Texas Department of Insurance to transact the business of insurance pursuant to TEX. INS. CODE §§ 801.051-801.053 and is licensed to write multiple lines of insurance in Texas, including workers' compensation/employers' liability insurance.
2. Old Republic was classified as "average" tier in the 2010 Performance Based Oversight (PBO) assessment. Old Republic was classified as "high" tier in the 2014

and 2016 PBO assessments. Old Republic was not selected to be tiered in the 2007, 2009, 2012, and 2018 PBO assessments.

DWC Audit No. IP-20-204

3. On [REDACTED], DWC initiated DWC Audit No. IP-20-204 to determine whether Old Republic complied with the Texas Labor Code and related rules on the timely payment of initial temporary income benefits (TIBs) and timely and accurately submitting initial payment information to DWC.
4. The audit examined TIBs payments that Old Republic reported issuing between [REDACTED], and [REDACTED]. DWC identified 17 initial TIBs payments for audit. A total of four initial TIBs payments failed to meet selection criteria and were dropped from the audit sample. The remaining 13 payments were reviewed to determine Old Republic's compliance.
5. The audit focused on the timely payment of initial TIBs and electronic data interchange (EDI) reporting. The EDI portion of the audit focused on the timely reporting of initial TIBs payments and accuracy of five data elements reported to DWC (First Date of Disability, Date of First Written Notice, TIBs from Date, TIBs End Date, and Initial TIBs Payment Date).

*Failure to Timely Pay Initial TIBs*

6. Old Republic failed to timely initiate TIBs for 31% of examined payments (four out of 13).
7. Specifically, Old Republic issued payments to injured employees between six and 15 days late in two instances and over 30 days late in two instances.

*Failure to Timely or Accurately Report EDI Data to DWC*

8. Old Republic failed to accurately report the Date of First Written Notice for 15% of examined payments (two out of 13).

### Assessment of Sanction

1. Failure to provide income benefits in a timely and cost-effective manner is harmful to injured employees and the Texas workers' compensation system.
2. Timely submitting information and documents to DWC is imperative for it to implement and enforce the Texas Workers' Compensation Act.
3. DWC relies on claims information insurance carriers submit for many purposes, including, but not limited to, providing required information and reports to the Legislature, ensuring that insurance carriers comply with the Texas Labor Code and DWC rules, and detecting patterns and practices in actions insurance carriers take on claims.
4. In assessing the sanction for this case, DWC fully considered the following factors in TEX. LAB. CODE § 415.021(c) and 28 TEX. ADMIN. CODE § 180.26(e):
  - the seriousness of the violation, including the nature, circumstances, consequences, extent, and gravity of the prohibited act;
  - the history and extent of previous administrative violations;
  - the violator's demonstration of good faith, including actions it took to rectify the consequences of the prohibited act;
  - the penalty necessary to deter future violations;
  - whether the administrative violation had a negative impact on the delivery of benefits to an injured employee;
  - the history of compliance with EDI requirements;
  - to the extent reasonable, the economic benefit resulting from the prohibited act; and
  - other matters that justice may require, including, but not limited to:
    - PBO assessments;
    - prompt and earnest actions to prevent future violations;
    - self-report of the violation;
    - the size of the company or practice;
    - the effect of a sanction on the availability of health care; and
    - evidence of heightened awareness of the legal duty to comply with the Texas Workers' Compensation Act and DWC rules.
5. DWC found the following factors in TEX. LAB. CODE § 415.021(c) and 28 TEX. ADMIN. CODE § 180.26(e) to be aggravating: the seriousness of the violation, including the

nature, circumstances, consequences, extent, and gravity of the prohibited act; the history and extent of previous administrative violations; the penalty necessary to deter future violations; whether the administrative violation had a negative impact on the delivery of benefits to an injured employee; the history of compliance with EDI requirements; and other matters that justice may require, including the size of the company or practice.

6. DWC found the following factors in TEX. LAB. CODE § 415.021(c) and 28 TEX. ADMIN. CODE § 180.26(e) to be mitigating: the violator's demonstration of good faith, including actions it took to rectify the consequences of the prohibited act.
7. Old Republic acknowledges it communicated with DWC about the relevant statutes and rules it violated; the facts establish that the administrative violation occurred; and the proposed sanction is appropriate, including the factors DWC considered under TEX. LAB. CODE § 415.021(c) and 28 TEX. ADMIN. CODE § 180.26(e).
8. Old Republic acknowledges that, in assessing the sanction, DWC considered the factors in TEX. LAB. CODE § 415.021(c) and 28 TEX. ADMIN. CODE § 180.26(e).

### **Conclusions of Law**

1. The commissioner has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to TEX. LAB. CODE §§ 402.001, 402.00114, 402.00116, 402.00128, 409.021, 414.002, 414.003, 415.002, and 415.021.
2. The commissioner has the authority to dispose of this case informally pursuant to TEX. GOV'T CODE § 2001.056, TEX. LAB. CODE §§ 401.021 and 402.00128(b)(7), and 28 TEX. ADMIN. CODE § 180.26(h).
3. Old Republic has knowingly and voluntarily waived all procedural rights to which it may have been entitled regarding the entry of this order, including, but not limited to, issuance and service of notice of intent to institute disciplinary action, notice of hearing, a public hearing, a proposal for decision, a rehearing by the commissioner, and judicial review.
4. Pursuant to TEX. LAB. CODE § 415.021, the commissioner may assess an administrative penalty against a person who commits an administrative violation.

5. Pursuant to TEX. LAB. CODE § 415.002(a)(20), an insurance carrier or its representative commits an administrative violation each time it violates a DWC rule.
6. Pursuant to TEX. LAB. CODE § 415.002(a)(22), an insurance carrier or its representative commits an administrative violation each time it fails to comply with a provision of the Texas Workers' Compensation Act.
7. Pursuant to TEX. LAB. CODE § 409.021 and 28 TEX. ADMIN. CODE §§ 124.3 and 124.7, an insurance carrier is required to initiate payment of TIBs no later than the 15th day after it receives written notice of the injury or the seventh day after the accrual date, unless the insurance carrier notifies DWC and the injured employee in writing of its refusal to pay.
8. Old Republic violated TEX. LAB. CODE §§ 415.002(a)(20) and (22) each time it failed to timely initiate payment of TIBs.
9. Pursuant to 28 TEX. ADMIN. CODE § 124.2(a) and (b), insurance carriers are required to notify DWC and the injured employee of actions taken or events occurring in a claim, as specified by rule in the form and manner DWC prescribes. Inherent in this duty is the requirement that insurance carriers report this information accurately.
10. Old Republic violated TEX. LAB. CODE § 415.002(a)(20) each time it failed to timely or accurately notify DWC and the injured employee of actions it took or events that occurred in a claim, as specified by rule in the form and manner DWC prescribed.

### Order

It is ordered that Old Republic General Insurance Corporation must pay an administrative penalty of \$3,200 within 30 days from the date of this order. Old Republic General Insurance Corporation must pay the administrative penalty by company check, cashier's check, or money order and make it payable to the "State of Texas." Mail the administrative penalty to the Texas Department of Insurance, Attn: DWC Enforcement Section, MC AO-9999, P.O. Box 12030, Austin, Texas 78711-2030.



---

Cassie Brown  
Commissioner of Workers' Compensation

Approved Form and Content:



---

Tyrus Housh  
Staff Attorney, Enforcement  
Compliance and Investigations  
Division of Workers' Compensation

**Affidavit**

STATE OF \_\_\_\_\_

§

§

COUNTY OF \_\_\_\_\_

§

Before me, the undersigned authority, personally appeared \_\_\_\_\_, who being by me duly sworn, deposed as follows:

"My name is Deborah J. Matthews I am of sound mind, capable of making this statement, and have personal knowledge of these facts which are true and correct.

I hold the office of AVP-Compliance and am the authorized representative of Old Republic General Insurance Corporation. I am duly authorized by the organization to execute this statement.

Old Republic General Insurance Corporation has knowingly and voluntarily entered into this consent order and agrees with and consents to the issuance and service of this consent order."

Deborah J. Matthews  
Affiant

SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED before me on 26<sup>th</sup> day of March, 2021.

(NOTARY SEAL)

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature of Notary Public

\_\_\_\_\_  
Printed Name of Notary Public

\_\_\_\_\_  
Commission Expiration