

Agenda items

- Welcome.
- Compliance and Investigations update.
- Health and Safety update.
- Legislative update.
- Legal Services update.
- Workers' Compensation Research & Evaluation Group (REG) update.
- Q&A.
- Closing remarks.



CY2023 complaints

1,332 comp	olai	Ints	rece	ıvea

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- **453** communications
- **375** indemnity benefit delivery
- **317** medical benefit delivery
- **103** other
 - **67** quality of care

1,496 complaints closed

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599	confirmed

- **279** DWC education letter (low risk)
- 618 not confirmed

Based on complaint data as of 8/31/2023.



CY2023 – complaints received by respondent type

Type of complaint	Injured employee	Insurance carrier	Health care provider	Employer	Attorney	Other
Attendance	4	5	2	0	6	0
Communications	2	186	115	82	64	4
Indemnity benefits	4	354	5	8	1	3
Medical benefits	0	247	68	0	0	2
Quality of care	N/A	1	66	N/A	N/A	0
Other	2	48	8	41	1	3

Based on complaint data as of 8/31/2023.

2023 health care provider performance based oversight (PBO)

August 2023

Preliminary findings distributed for both DWC Form-073 and DWC Form-069 categories.



Response to findings are due.



December 2023

Results will be published.

2023 health care provider PBO

Measure details can be found in the health care provider <u>PBO</u> methodology document.

Contact PBO@tdi.texas.gov if you have questions about the assessment.

Texas Department of Insurance, Division of Workers' Compensation Health Care Provider Performance Based Oversight 2023 Assessment

Texas Labor Code Section 402.075 requires the Texas Department of Insurance, Division of Workers' Compensation (DWC) to assess system participants' performance in meeting the key regulatory goals established by the commissioner of workers' compensation.

DWC monitors workers' compensation system participants' compliance with the Texas Labor Code and DWC rules. DWC achieves its compliance objectives through data monitoring, complaint handling, audits, enforcement actions, and the performance based oversight (PBO) assessment.

As part of the PBO assessment, DWC places health care providers into regulatory tiers: poor, average, and high performers. DWC focuses its regulatory oversight on the poor performers. The Texas Labor Code also provides incentives for system participants.

- Limited audit exemption: Health care providers who are high and average performers
 may benefit from limited audits. DWC focuses its annual audit plan on poor
 performers. If we identify a compliance problem, such as an increase in complaints,
 we may also audit average and high performers.
- Modified penalties: DWC considers high-performer designation as a factor when determining appropriate enforcement action for compliance issues outside of the PBO process. We may assess lower penalties for high performers.
- Public recognition of high performers: We publish PBO results on our website.
 High performer logo: High performing health care providers may use a high perform.
- High performer logo: High performing health care providers may use a highperformer logo as a marketing tool.
- Reduced penalties: DWC may assess reduced penalties for self-disclosure of noncompliance.

No administrative penalties will result directly from negative findings in the PBO assessment.

The 2023 PBO assessment will evaluate health care providers on these categories

- DWC Form-073, Work Status Report (DWC Form-073); and
- DWC Form-069, Report of Medical Evaluation (DWC Form-069).

'

CY2023 DWC Fraud Unit

900 fraud referrals received

- 43 fraud cases open
- **46** fraud cases closed
 - **2** fraud referrals for prosecution

Based on data as of 8/31/2023.



CY2023 DWC Fraud & Prosecution Units

2 convictions

- 1 claimant
- **1** attorney

Based on data as of 8/31/2023.

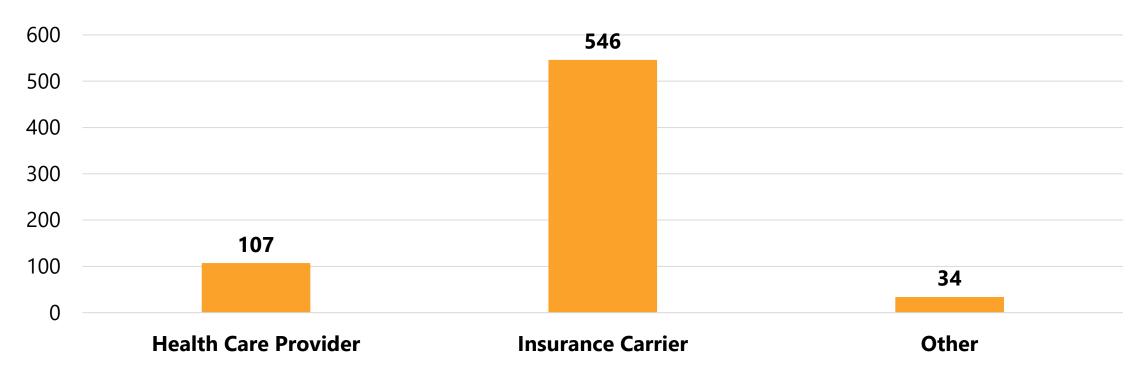


CY2023 – Enforcement case status



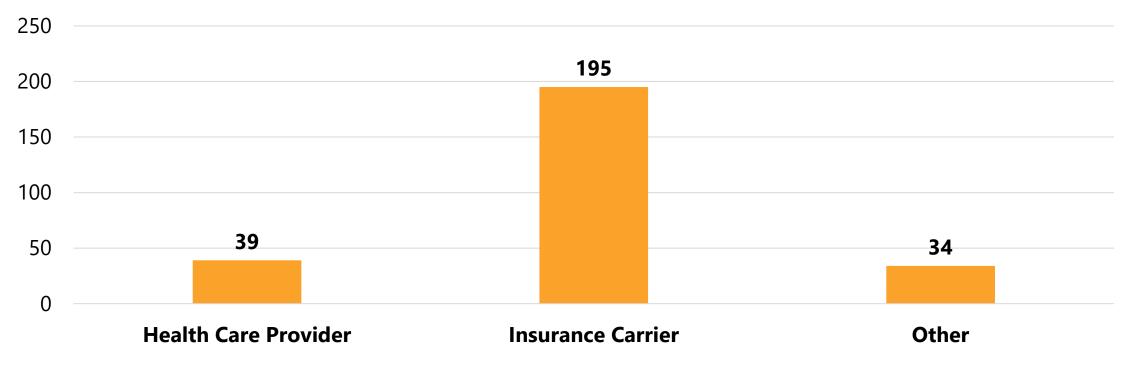
2023	Closed cases	Pending cases
Cases	687	268

CY2023 – cases closed by subject type



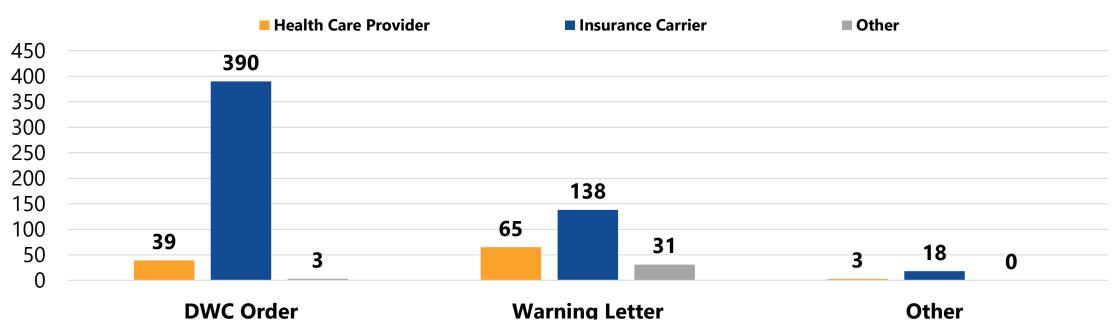
2023 Health Care Provider		Insurance Carrier	Other	
Cases	107	546	34	

CY2023 – cases pending by subject type



2023	Health Care Provider	Insurance Carrier	Other	
Cases	39	195	34	

CY2023 – cases closed by disposition type



2023	Health Care Provider	Insurance Carrier	Other	
DWC Order	39	390	3	
Warning Letter	65	138	31	
Other	3	18	0	

Violations to watch

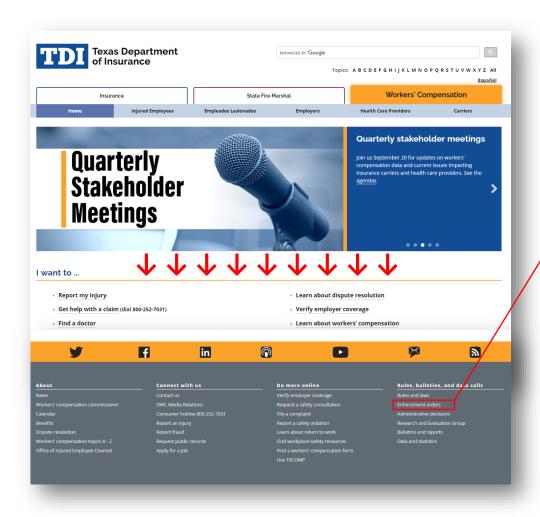
Texas Labor Code §408.0271(c)

A health care provider (HCP) shall reimburse the insurance carrier for payments received by the HCP for inappropriate charges not later than the 45th day after the date of the carrier's notice. The failure by the HCP to timely respond to the carrier constitutes an administrative violation.

28 TAC §133.260(c)

A HCP shall respond to a request for a refund from an insurance carrier by the 45th day after receipt of request, either by paying the requested amount or submitting an appeal to the insurance carrier with a specific explanation stating the reason the HCP has failed to pay.

Enforcement orders webpage



Scroll to bottom of <u>DWC</u> homepage and click "Enforcement orders".

or

Visit www.tdi.texas.gov/wc/orders/in dex.html.





Health and Safety update

Office of the Medical Advisor Health Care Provider Outreach Designated Doctor Program Medical Fee Dispute Resolution



DD rule update

Amendments to 28 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 127 and §180.23

• DD's and doctors with MMI/IR certifications.

DD applications

55 DD applications received from

Jan. 1, 2023 – April 29, 2023

117 DD applications received after

April 30, 2023

274 DDs currently on DDL

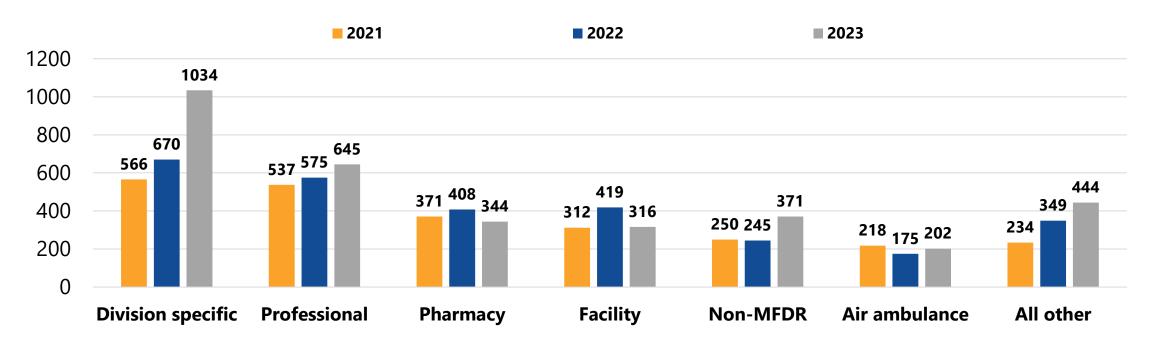
78 MD/DO

Billing and reimbursement update

- Survey sent to system participants.
- Goal is formal proposal to be published for comment in the coming weeks.
- Goal is to adopt rule by end of CY2023. Effective date may be towards end of 1st quarter.



Disputes by type – FY2021 - FY2023



	Division specific	Professional	Pharmacy	Facility	Non-MFDR	Air ambulance	All other
2021	566	537	371	312	250	218	234
2022	670	575	408	419	245	175	349
2023	1034	645	344	316	371	202	444

Fee dispute submission issues

Reconsideration as set out in TAC §133.250 is required prior to medical fee dispute.

Disputes without reconsideration may be dismissed.

Submit a position statement as set out in TAC §133.307(c)(2)(N).

Explain **how** DWC's rules support your request for payment.

Submit a **complete** copy of all explanations of benefits.

Payment of interest is often on a separate check.



Senate Bill 1122

About Implementation Effective date June 18, 2023 Amends the definition of No implementation – "insurance services" in Tax Code Comptroller ruling no longer applies. §151.0039(b) to exclude a medical examination, service or test performed to determine the appropriate level of benefits under Labor Code, Title 5, Subtitle A, Chapter 408.

House Bill 2314

About Implementation Effective date Allows for death benefit Updating the DWC-042 Effective for death benefit filing to both carriers and claims on or after June 10, Form. DWC. 2023. Proposal will publish September 29 in Texas Register. Deadline to submit comments is 5 p.m., Central time, on October 30, 2023.

House Bill 90 – Texas Military Forces

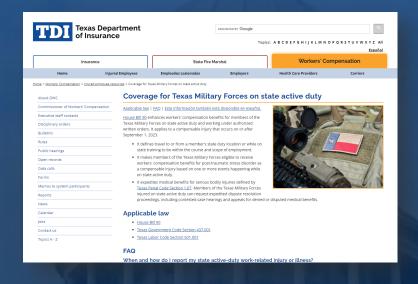
About

- Texas Military Forces on state active duty and working under authorized written orders.
- Applies to a compensable injury occurring on or after September 1, 2023.
- Defines travel to or from a member's state duty location or while on state training to be within the course and scope of employment.
- Eligible to receive workers' compensation benefits for post-traumatic stress disorder as a compensable injury based on one or more events happening while on state active duty.
- Expedites medical benefits and dispute proceedings for serious bodily injuries defined by <u>Texas</u>
 <u>Penal Code §1.07</u>.

House Bill 90 – continued

Implementation

- New topic <u>webpage</u> for Texas Military Forces coverage.
- Call Claims and Customer Service at 800-252-7031,
 Opt. 1 for questions.



House Bill 2468 – lifetime income benefits

About

- New traumatic brain injury LIBs eligibility standard "a major permanent neurocognitive disorder...for which the employee requires occasional supervision in the performance of routine daily tasks of self-care and...that renders the injured employee permanently unemployable."
- Expands coverage for third degree burns.

Effective date

Effective for eligible claims on or after September 1, 2023.



House Bill 2468 – continued

About

Certain first responders:

- Adds serious bodily injuries (Penal Code $\S 1.07$) that renders the employee permanently unemployable as a qualifying condition.
- Creates a right to review by the insurance carrier.
- Requires annual certification that the first responder has not been employed in the previous year.
- Provides expedited dispute resolution proceedings for first responder LIBs claims on new Labor Code §408.1615 (serious bodily injury).

House Bill 2468 – continued

Implementation

Rules:

- required annual employee certification.
- process for 5-year review and designated doctor exam.

Looking at potential new or updated forms.

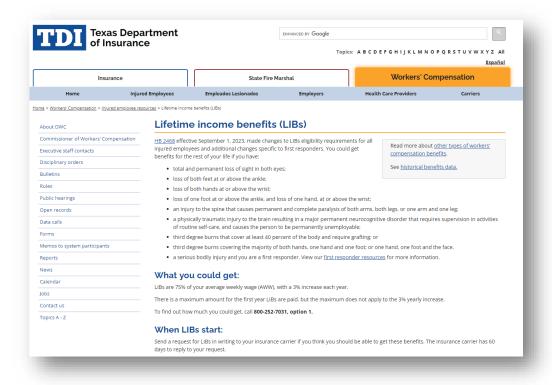
Two updated web resources until final rules are adopted.

Call Claims and Customer Service at 800-252-7031, Opt. 1 for questions.

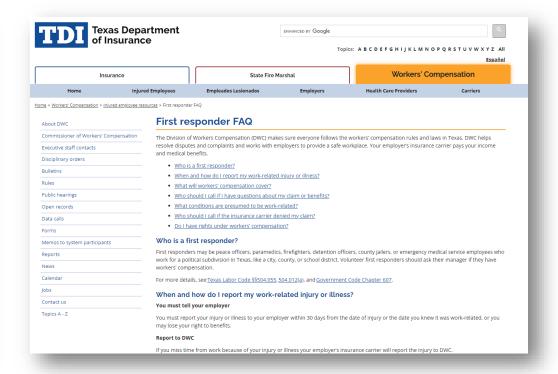


House Bill 2468 – continued

LIBs topic page



First responder FAQ page



Updates and rules recap

Expired

 Presumption under Texas Government Code §607.0545 for COVID-19 claims (SB 22, 87th session).

Recently adopted

- Teledentistry.
- MQRP.

Current

 Designated doctor billing and reimbursement.





Fast-track rules

What are they?

Fast-track rules make nonsubstantive or editorial changes to the Texas Administrative Code.

Why do we do them?

To clean up the code and update for style and plain language.



2023 adopted fast-track rules

28 TAC §55.15

Lump sum payments

- Updated obsolete submission method requirements and obsolete references to the Industrial Accident Board, a predecessor agency of DWC.
- Eliminated the use of colored or carbon copy paper when submitting settlement agreements to DWC.
- Updated the agency's name.

28 TAC §102.11

Electronic formats for electronic claim data request and report

- Corrected a reference.
- Made updates for plain language and agency style.
- Ensured that the rule provides DWC's current website address.

28 TAC §165.1

Identification and notification of certain policyholders insured by the Texas Mutual Insurance Company acting as the insurer of last resort

- Updated obsolete Insurance Code references.
- Added Texas Mutual Insurance Company's physical address.
- Made updates for plain language and agency style.
- Updated Insurance Code references.

Updates to our rules webpage



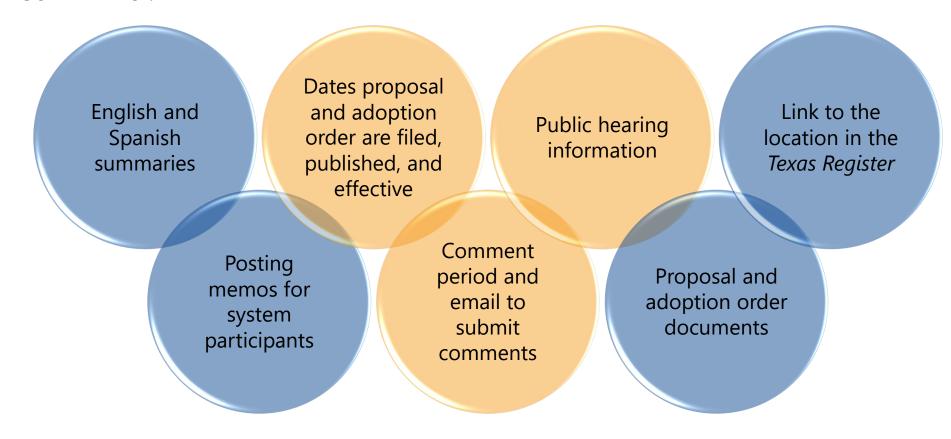
https://www.tdi.texas.gov/wc/rules/index.html

If you see a ★, the rule comment period is open. Email your comments to RuleComments@tdi.texas.gov.



Updates to our rules webpage

You can find:



Lump sum payments ▼

Summary

28 TAC Section 55.15 (which has been in effect since November 20, 1977) implements requirements for the contents of compromise settlement agreements. The amendments remove the requirement that "old law" settlement agreements be submitted on multi-colored carbon or carbonless paper. The amendments require that "old law" settlement agreements be submitted in the form and manner prescribed by DWC. The amendments also replace references to "the board" with "the division." This rule does not change the people the rule affects or impose a cost on stakeholders, DWC, or the state.

Resumen

La Sección 55.15 del 28 TAC (la cual ha estado vigente desde el 20 de noviembre de 1977) implementa los requisitos para el contenido de los acuerdos de compromiso de pago (compromise settlement agreements, por su nombre en inglés). Las enmiendas eliminan el requisito que indica que los acuerdos de pago (settlement agreements, por su nombre en inglés) de la "ley antigua" sean presentados en papel carbón o en papel de copia sin carbón multicolor. Las enmiendas requieren que los acuerdos de pago de la "ley antigua" sean presentados en la forma y manera prescrita por DWC. Las enmiendas también reemplazan las referencias a "la junta" (the board, por su nombre en inglés) con "la división". Este reglamento no cambia las personas a las que afecta el reglamento ni impone un costo a las partes interesadas, a DWC, o al estado.

Proposal

- Posting memo for proposal
- Proposal: 28 TAC §55.15
- Proposal filed: 1/27/23
- Proposal published: 2/10/2023 at 48 TexReg 639
- . Comments: email RuleComments@tdi.texas.gov by 5:00 pm, Central time, on March 13, 2023

Adoption

- Posting memo for adoption
- Adoption: 28 TAC §55.15
- · Adoption filed: 6/13/23
- · Adoption published: 6/30/23
- Effective date: 7/3/23





2023 Return to Work report



92%

of employees back at work within 1 year of their injury



69%

of employees back at work within 6 months stay at work



2 years

for employees who RTW within 6 months to get back to pre-injury wage



43 days

on average for employees to return to work

Snapshot: www.tdi.texas.gov/wc/reg/rtw2023.html

Upcoming reports

Pharmacy cost and utilization

Medical cost and utilization

Access to care



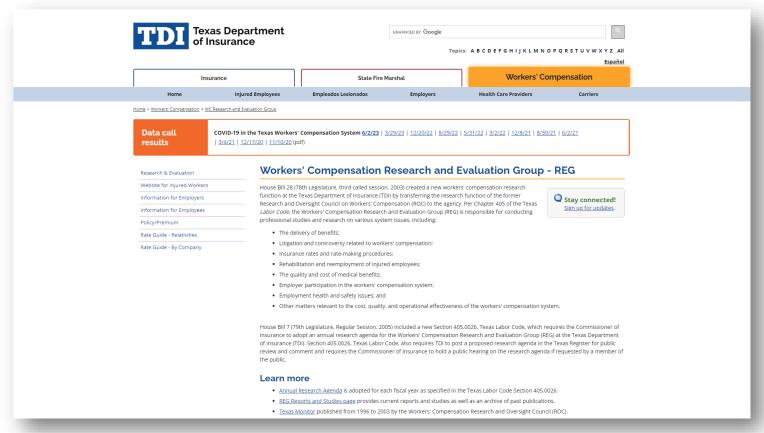
FY2024 research agenda

Proposed research projects:

- Completion and publication of the seventeenth edition of the Workers' Compensation Health Care Network Report Card (required under Insurance Code §1305.502(a)-(d) and Labor Code §405.0025(b)).
- An update of the 2022 biennial study to estimate employer participation in the Texas workers' compensation system.
- An update of key workers' compensation system trends to meet the requirements for the DWC biennial report required under Labor Code §402.066, including medical costs and utilization of care, return-to-work rates for injured employees, access to care for injured employees, and medical dispute resolution trends.
- Income Benefit Adequacy in the Texas Workers' Compensation System.
- An update of medical costs and utilization in the Texas workers' compensation system.

Comments due in writing by 5 p.m., Central time, on October 16, 2023.

Find everything REG-related



www.tdi.texas.gov/wc/reg/index.html



